

**7th ETH Conference on Combustion Generated Particles
Zurich, 18th - 20th August 2003**

**Particle Size
and
Composition Measurements
at
Modern Engines and Aftertreatment
Systems**

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**CU.....
TEC**

structure

- 1. equipment @ CUTECH to
 - generate particles
 - measure
 - particle size
 - composition
 - minimize particles
- 2. test conditions & results
 - engine out
 - filter out
- 3. summary/conclusion

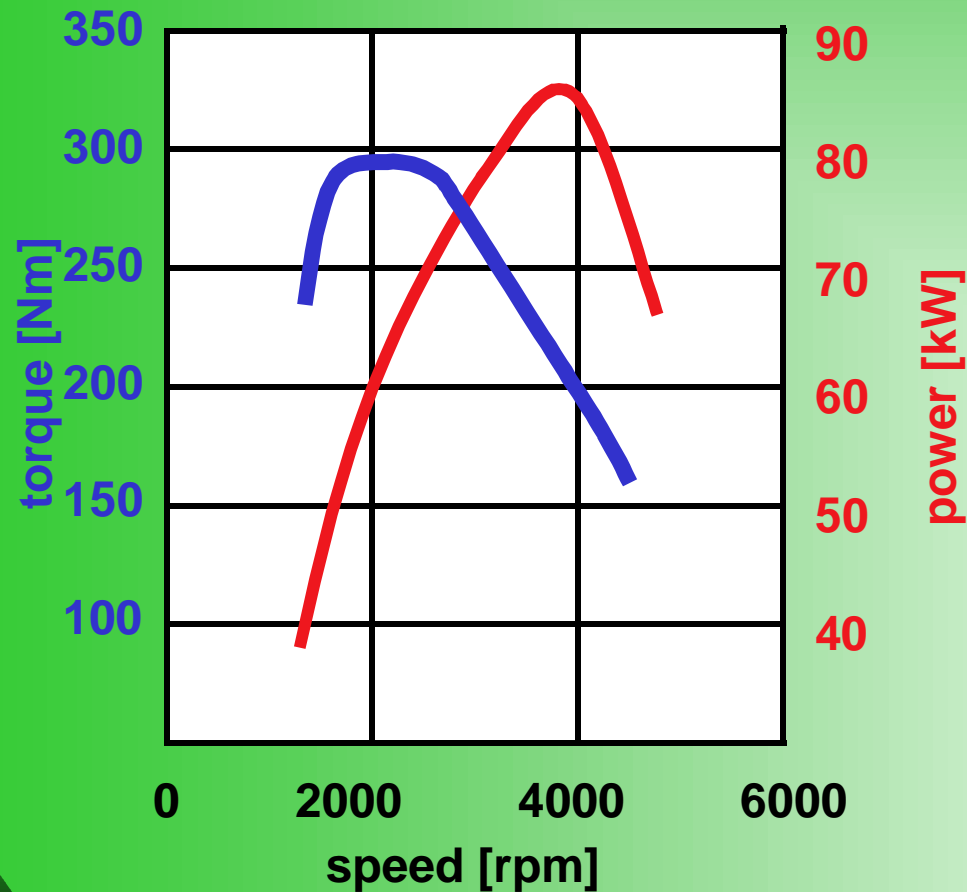
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equipment @ CUTEC to generate particles

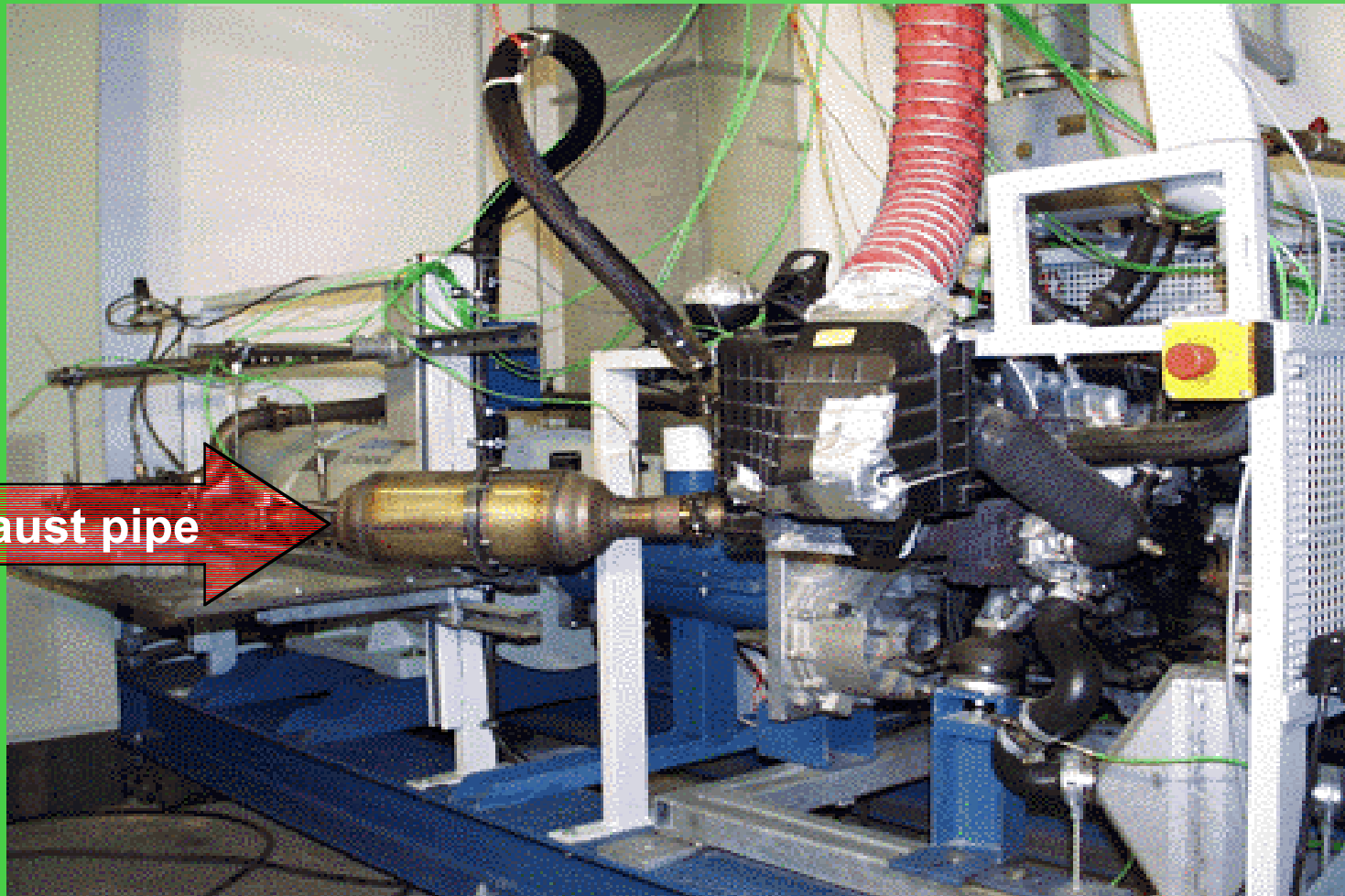
engine

VW TDI-PUI 4 cylinder 1.9 L, 85 kW, 285 Nm, EURO 3



equipment @ CUTEC to generate particles

Engine/Filter test bench



exhaust pipe

**220 kW Schenk DYNAS
engine-dynamometer**

**VW TDI-PUI 4 cylinder 1.9 L,
85 kW, 285 Nm, EURO 3**

Questions to be answered within this lecture

-
- 1. equipment @ CUTEC to**
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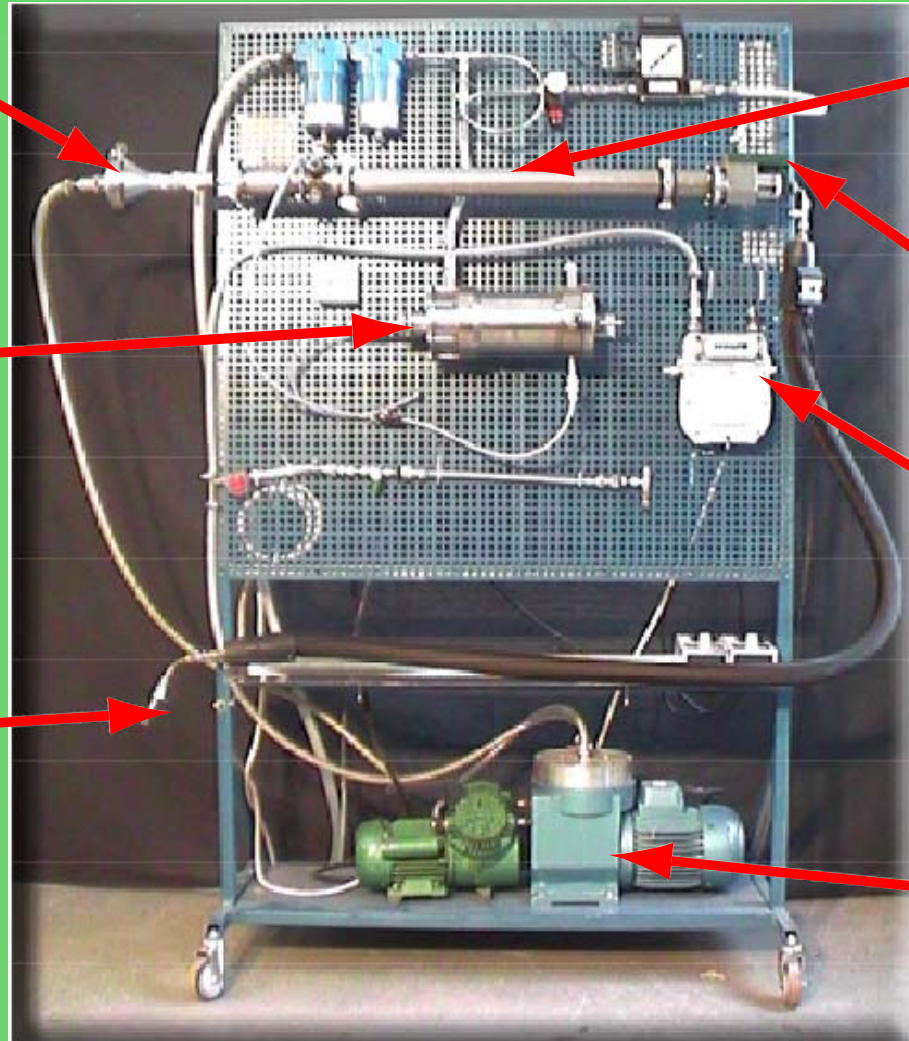
equipment @ CUTEC to measure particle size & composition

Dilution Tunnel

*filter holder
or impactor*

Second injector
dilution ratio:
1:5 - 1:30

heated hose



micro
dilution
tunnel

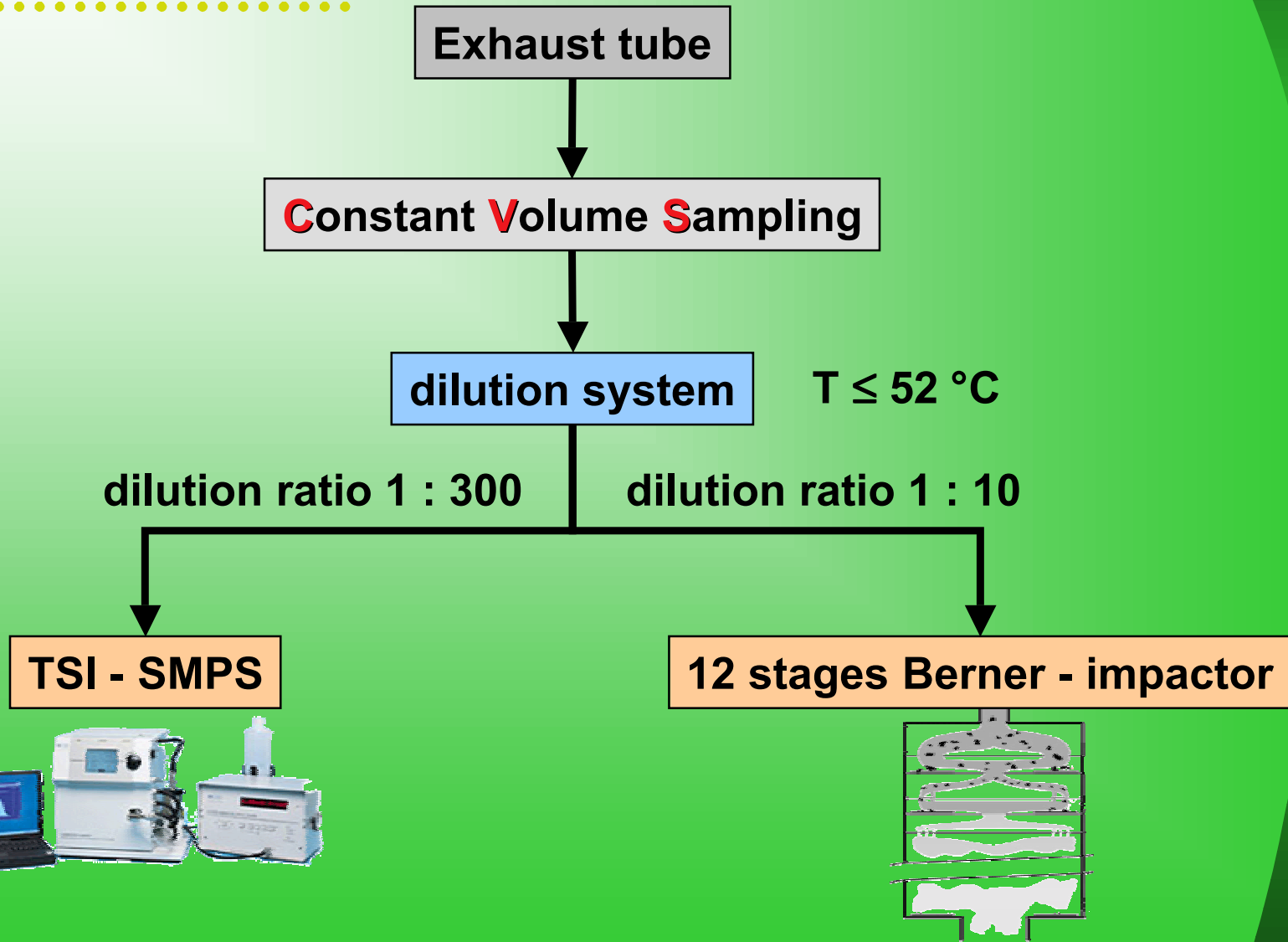
injector
dilution ratio:
1:7 - 1:10

flow meter

pump

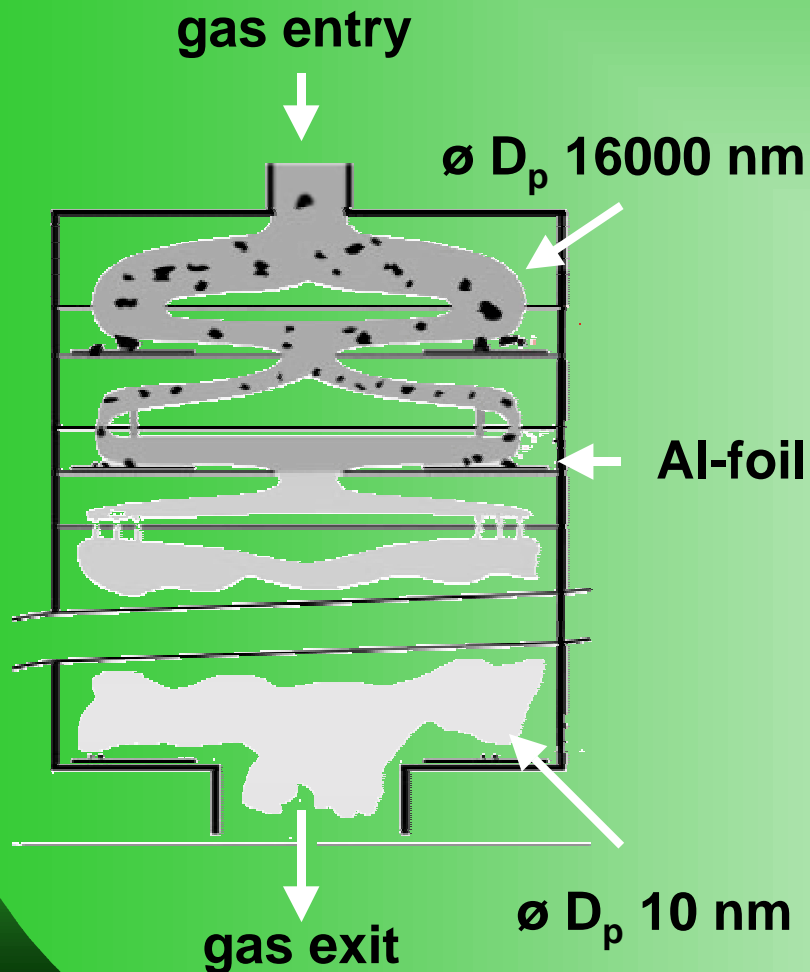
equipment @ CUTEC to measure particle size & composition

particle size measurement



particle size

12-cascade impactor



determination of
particle mass distribution

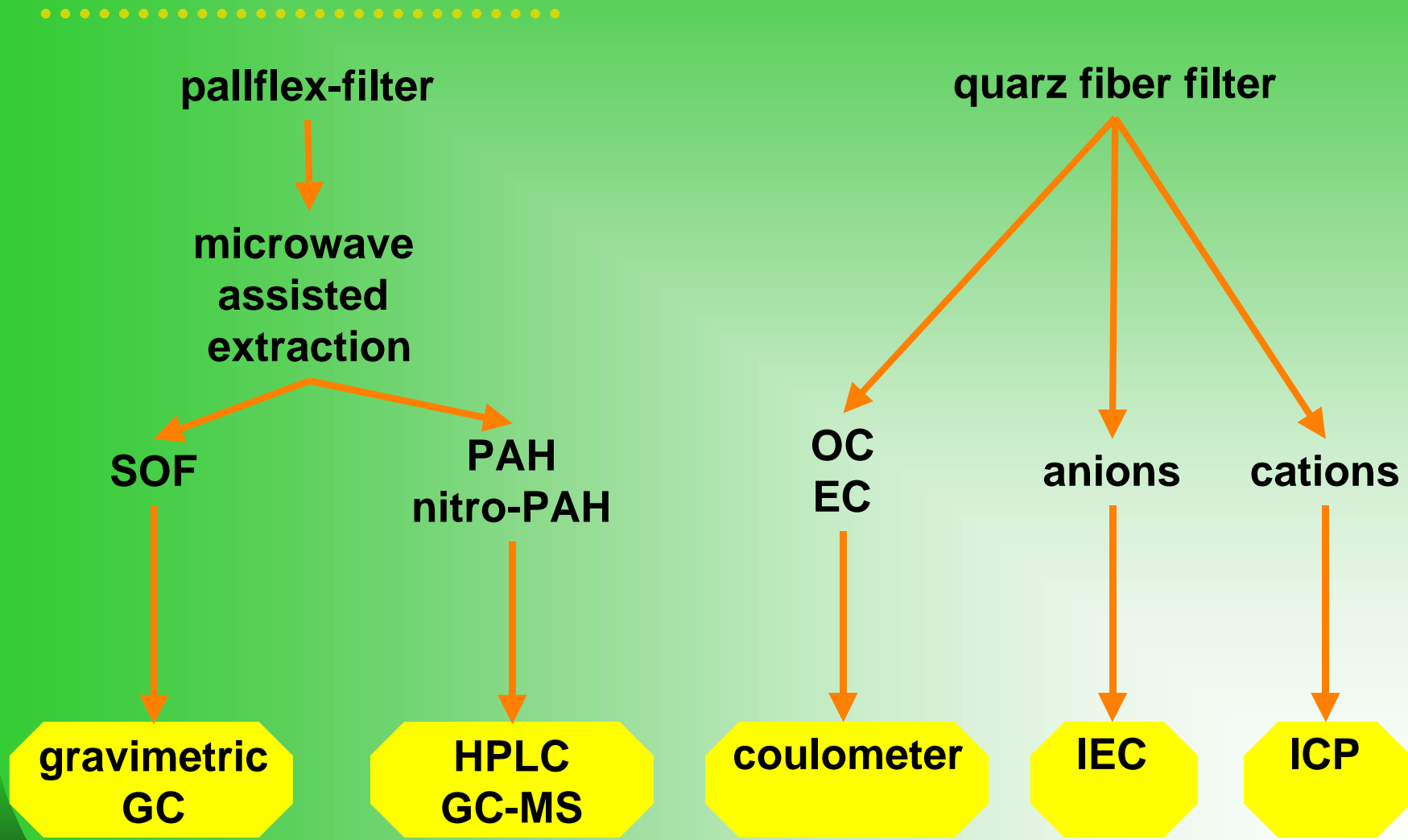


particles are collected on
Al-foil seperated by aerodynamic
diameter



chemical analysis of collected
classified particles

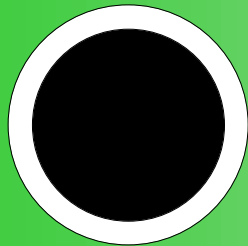
equipment @ CUTEC to measure particle size & composition
chemical analysis of soot samples



equipment @ CUTEC to measure particle size & composition
state of the art SOF determination



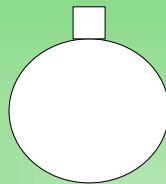
filter



3 - 5 mg soot



soxhlet extraction



solvent: 200 mL



weighing



0.5 -1 mg SOF

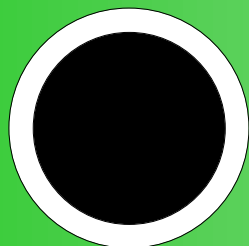
duration: 8 hours

equipment @ CUTEC to measure particle size & composition

SOF determination @ CUTEC



filter



1 - 3 mg soot



microwave
assisted
extraction



solvent: 30 mL



GC

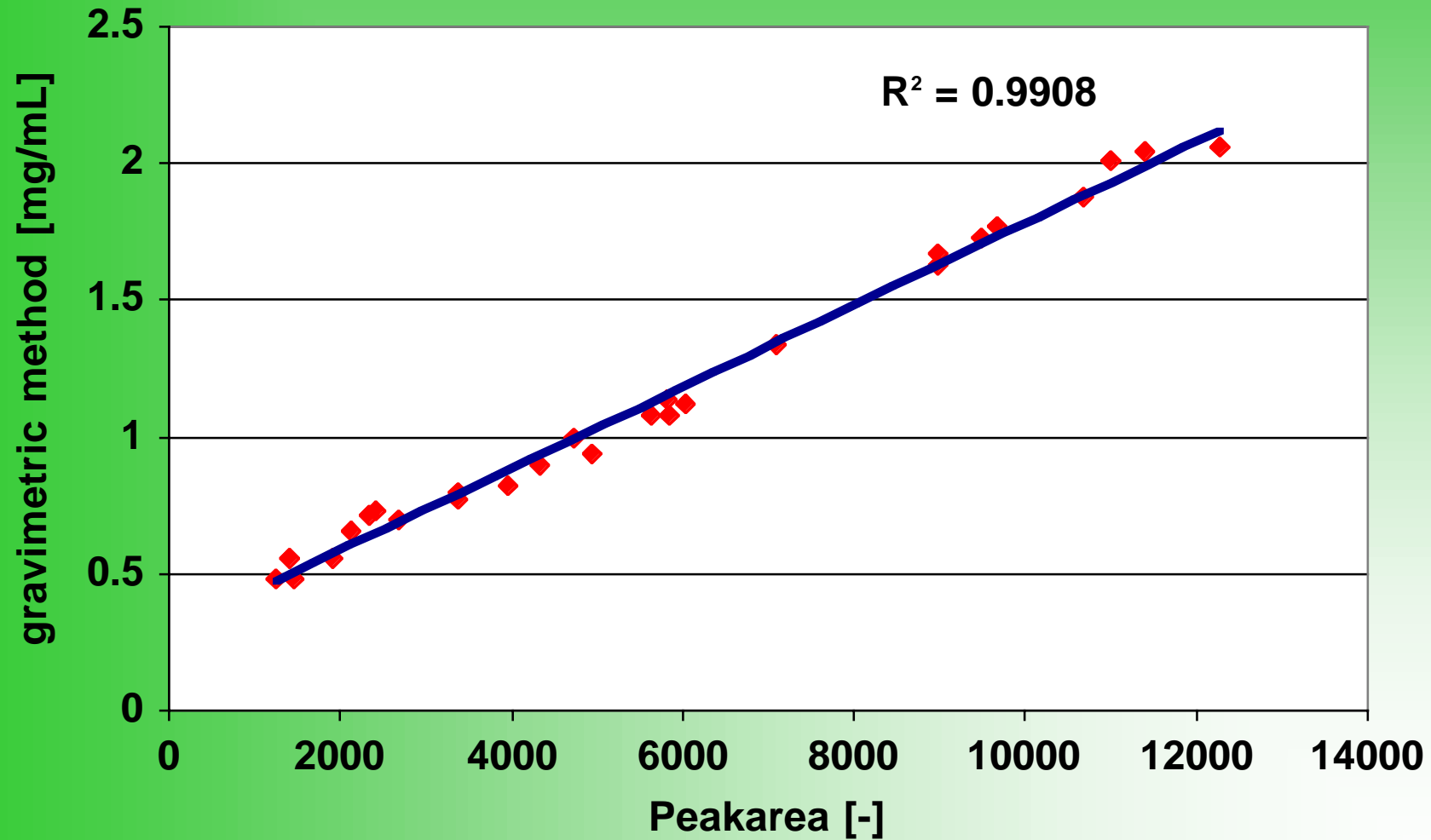


peak area

duration: 2 hours

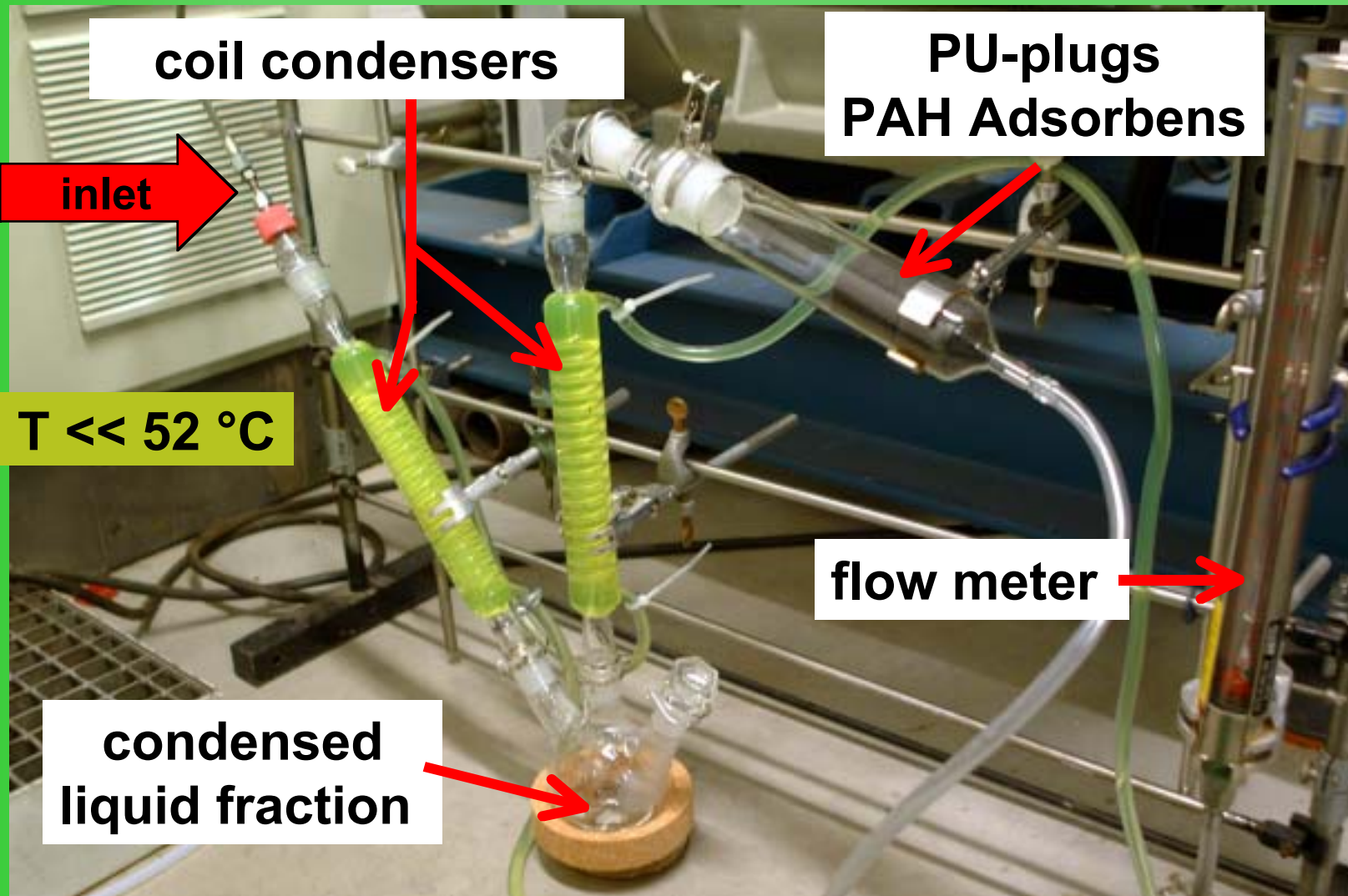
equipment @ CUTEC to measure particle size & composition

Comparison of SOF determination by GC or gravimetry



equipment @ CUTEC to measure particle size & composition

Determination of gaseous PAH



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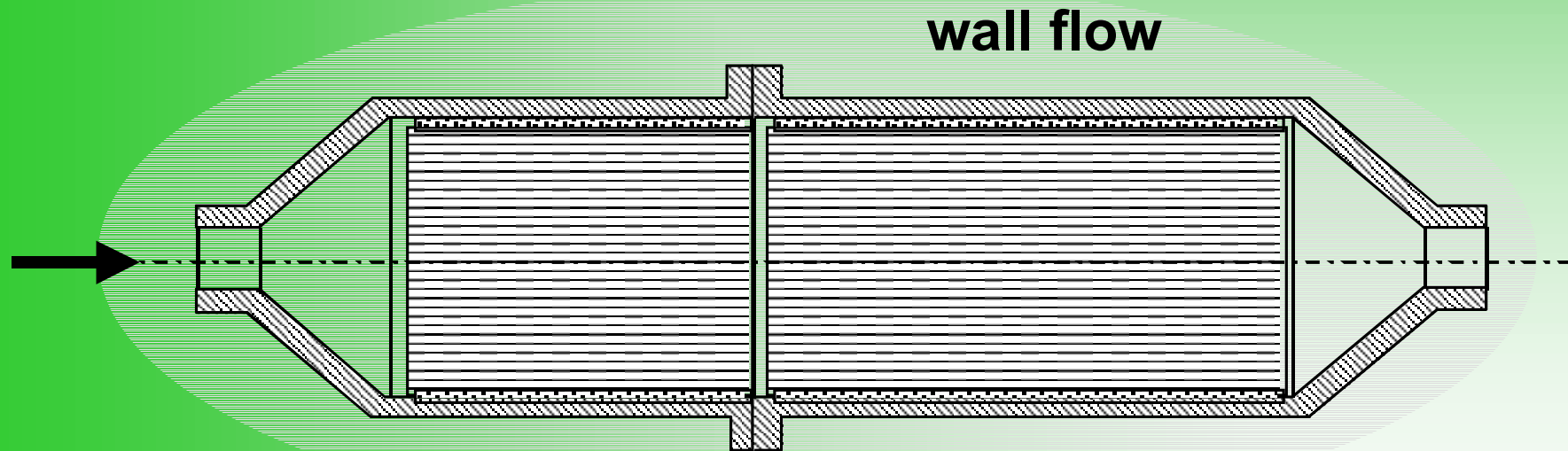
equipment @ CUTEC to minimize particles

Particle emission reduction

- primary
 - fuel quality (sulfur 50 ppm - 10 ppm)
- secondary
 - aftertreatment systems
 - DOC
 - DPF, CCF

equipment @ CUTEC to minimize particles
aftertreatment systems

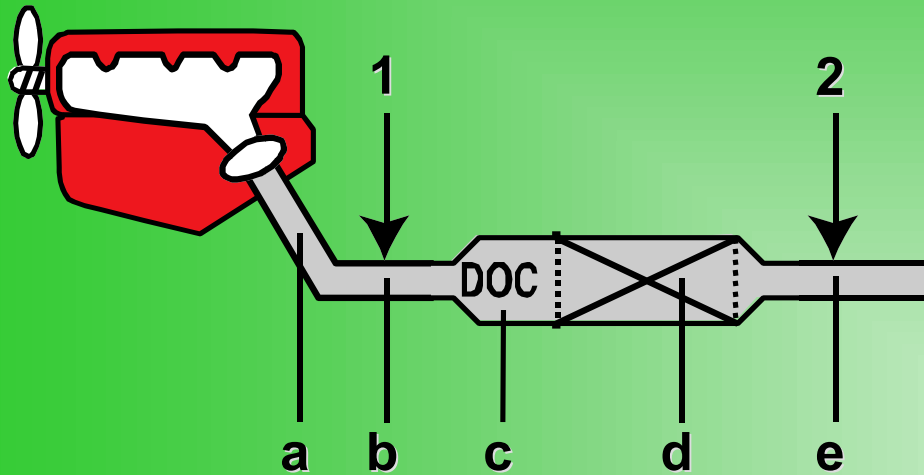
● **DOC/CCF**



DOC 5.66" x 3.54"
cordierite

CCF 5.66" x 6"
silicon carbide

Experimental setup DOC/CCF

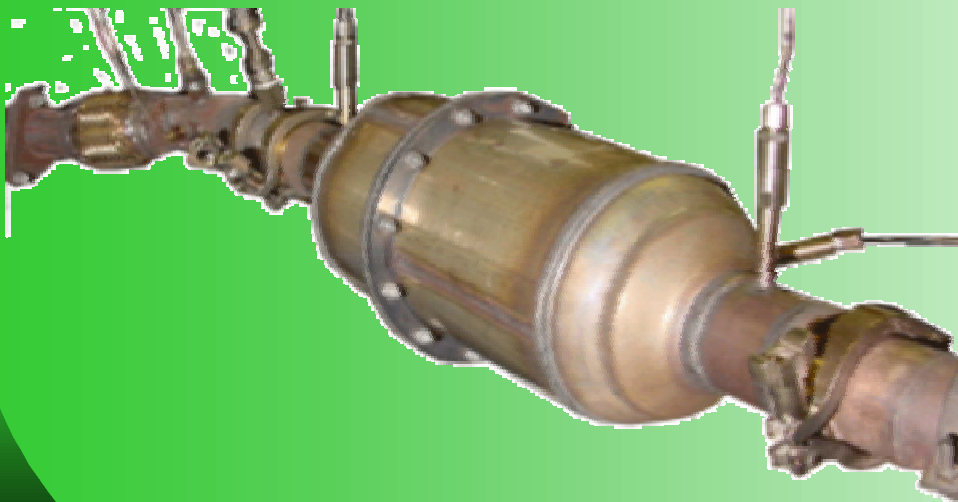


Sampling points:

- 1 engine out
- 2 DOC/CCF out

Temperature:

- a engine out
- b upstream DOC/CCF
- c DOC
- d inside CCF
- e downstream DOC/CCF

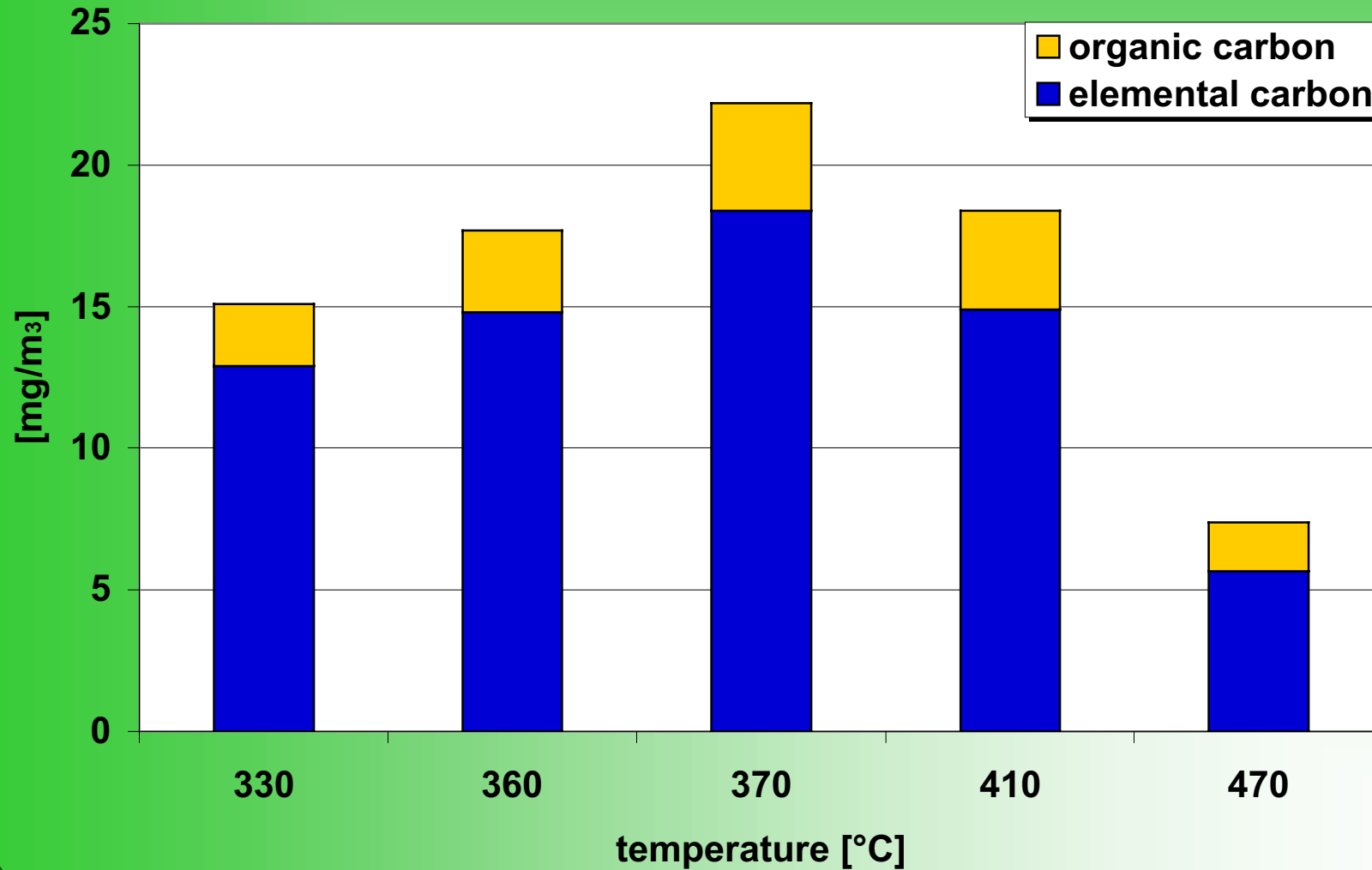


structure

1. equipment @ CUTEC to
 - generate particles
 - measure
 - particle size
 - composition
 - minimize particles
2. test conditions & results
 - engine out
 - OC/EC = f (T, particle size)
 - PAH = f (T)
 - fuel quality (50 ppm - 10 ppm S)
 - filter out
3. summary/conclusion

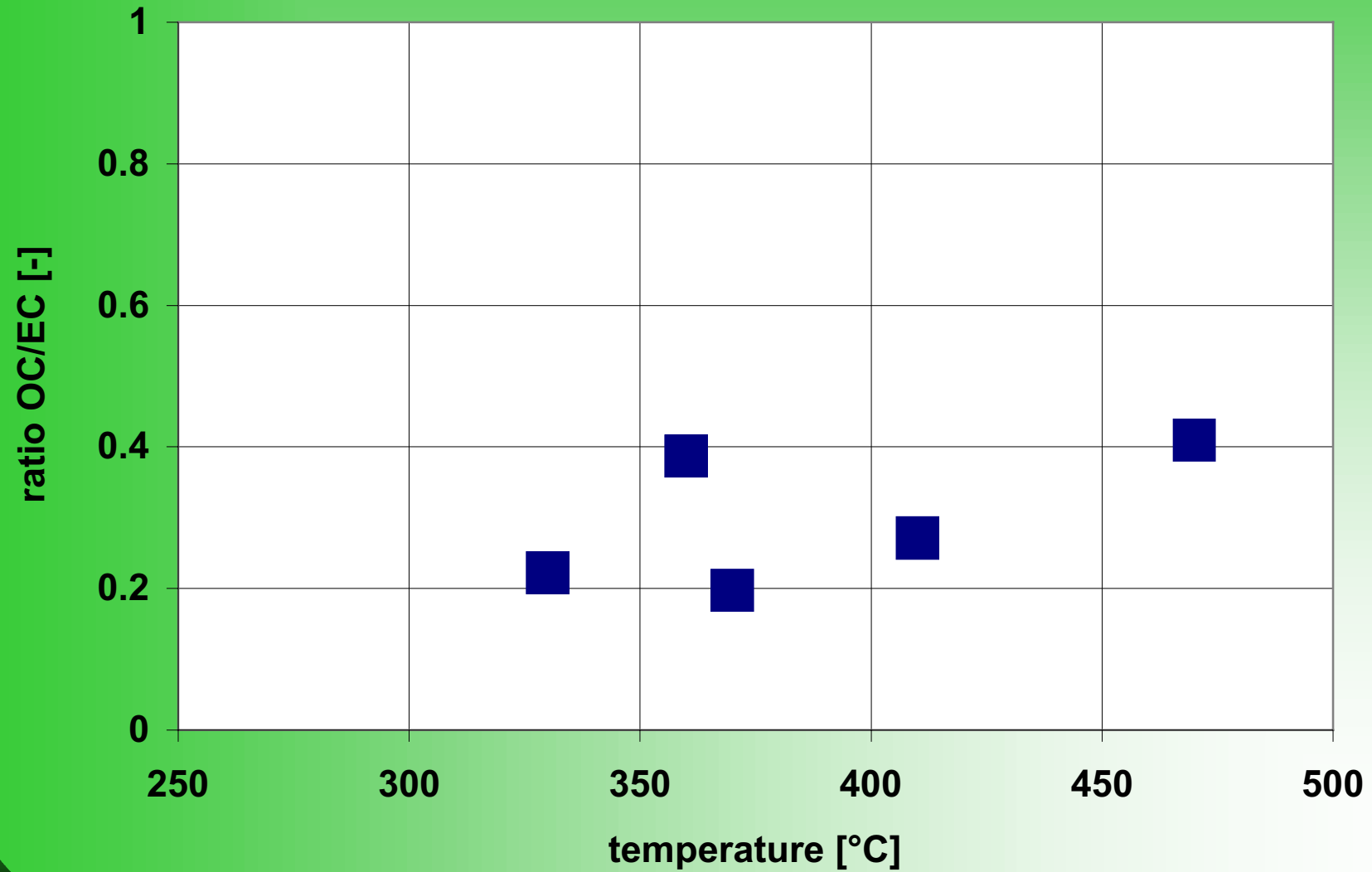
results engine out (50 ppm S)

OC + EC emissions = f (temperature)

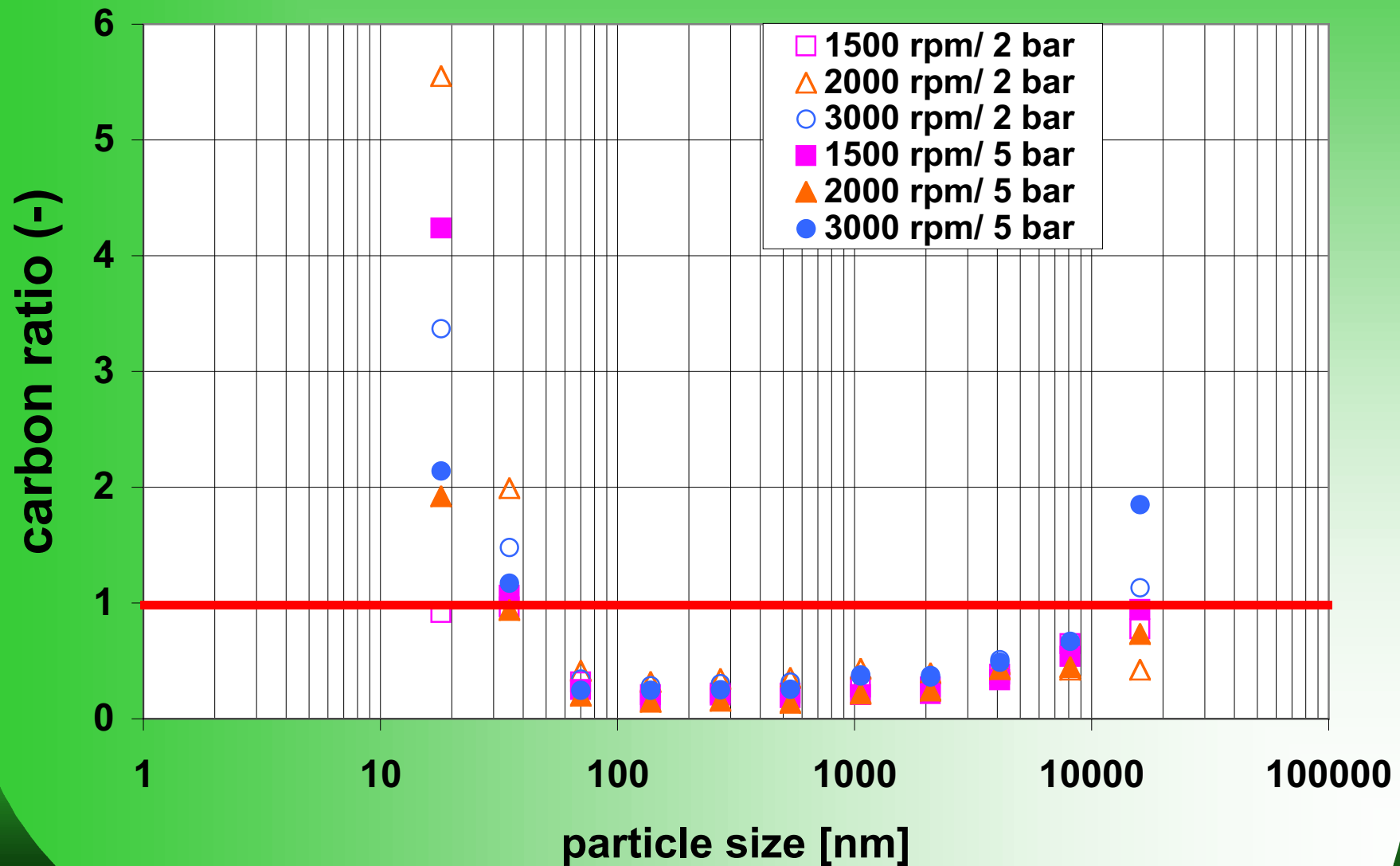


results engine out (50 ppm S)

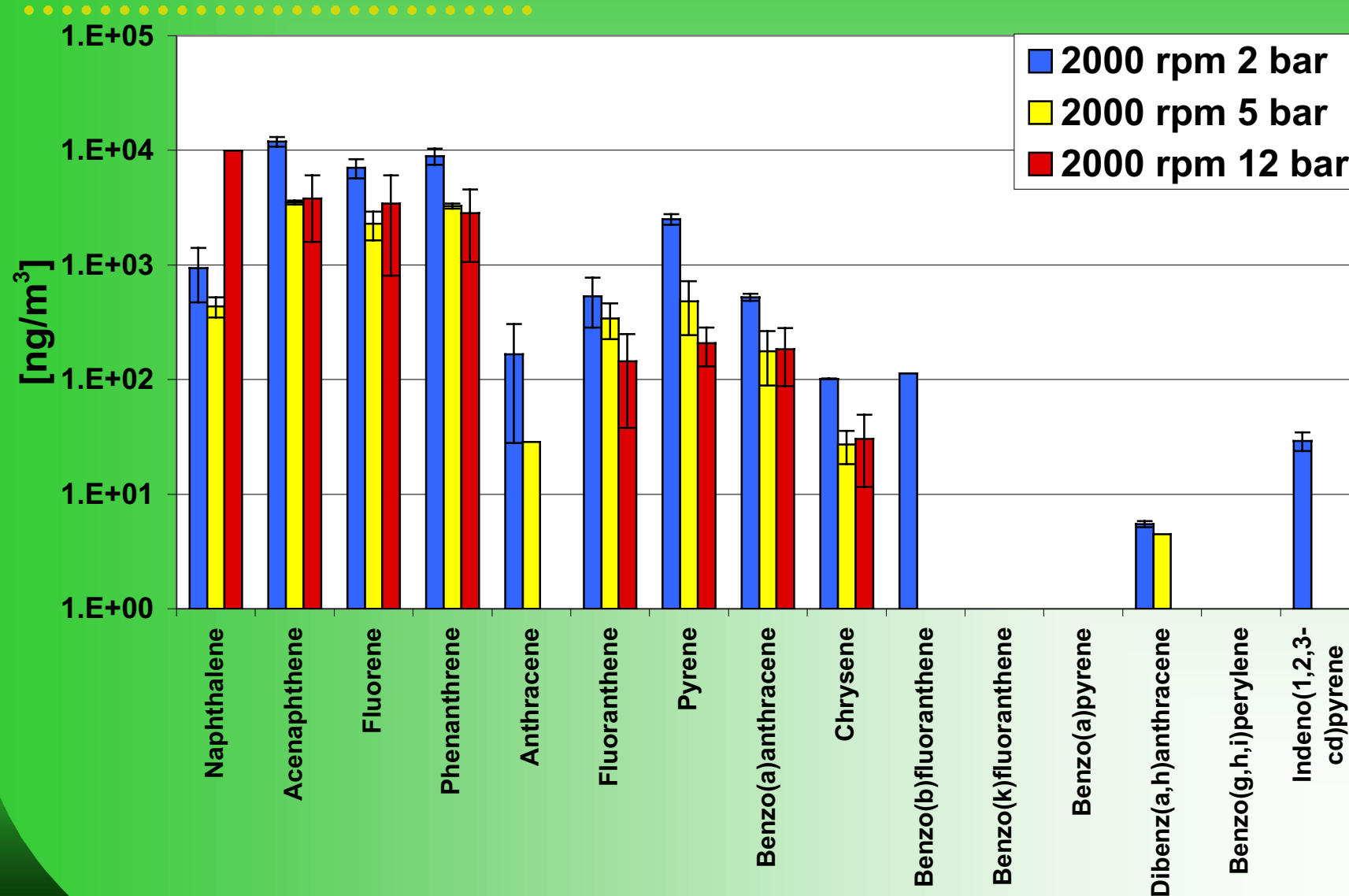
OC/EC - ratio = f (temperature)



results engine out (50 ppm S)

OC/EC - ratio = f (particle size, temperature)

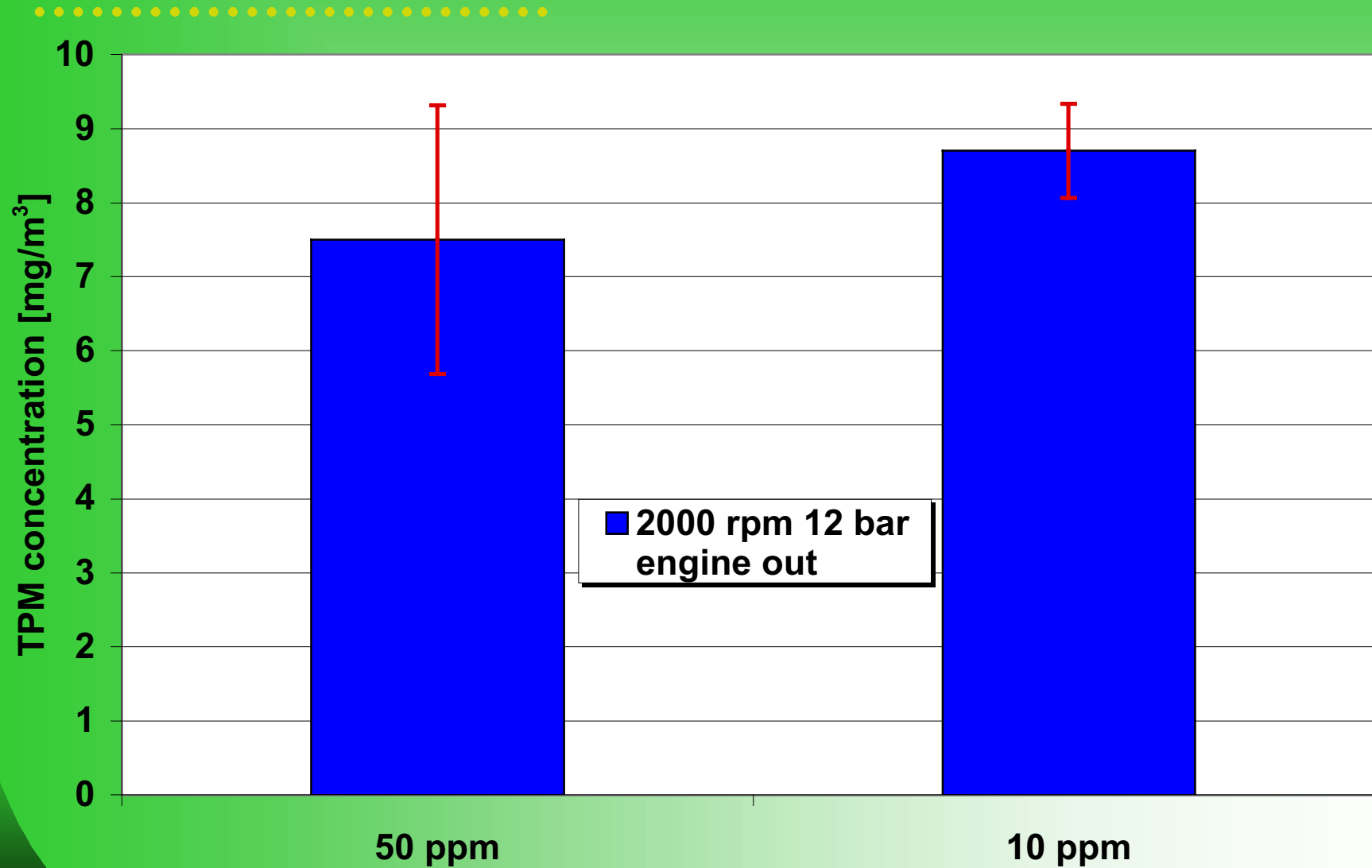
results engine out (50 ppm S)
PAH = f (temperature)



results engine out

TPM = f (fuel quality)

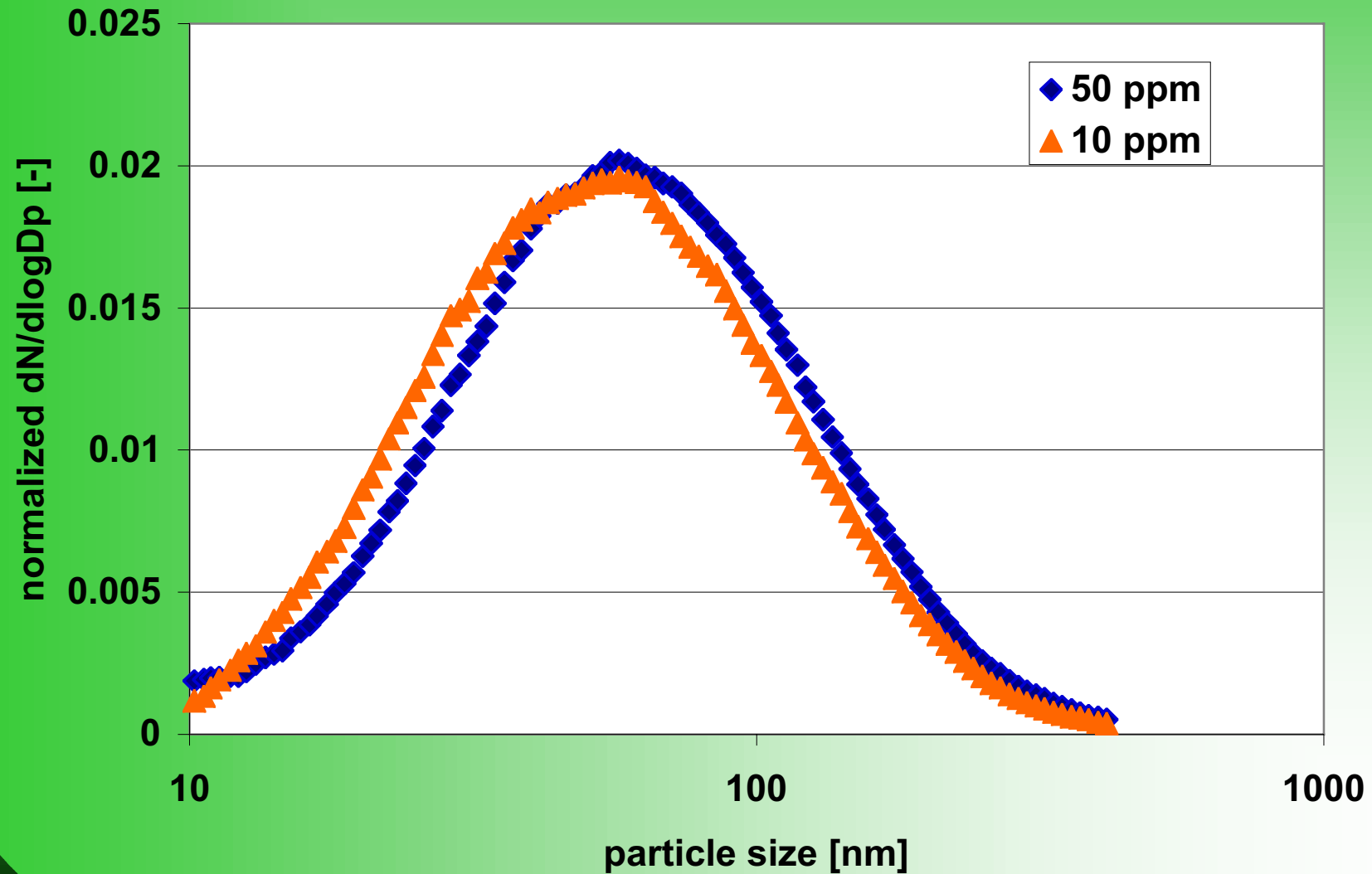
2000 rpm 12 bar ; T = 430 °C



results engine out

Particle size distribution = f (fuel quality)

2000 rpm 12 bar 430 °C cold dilution



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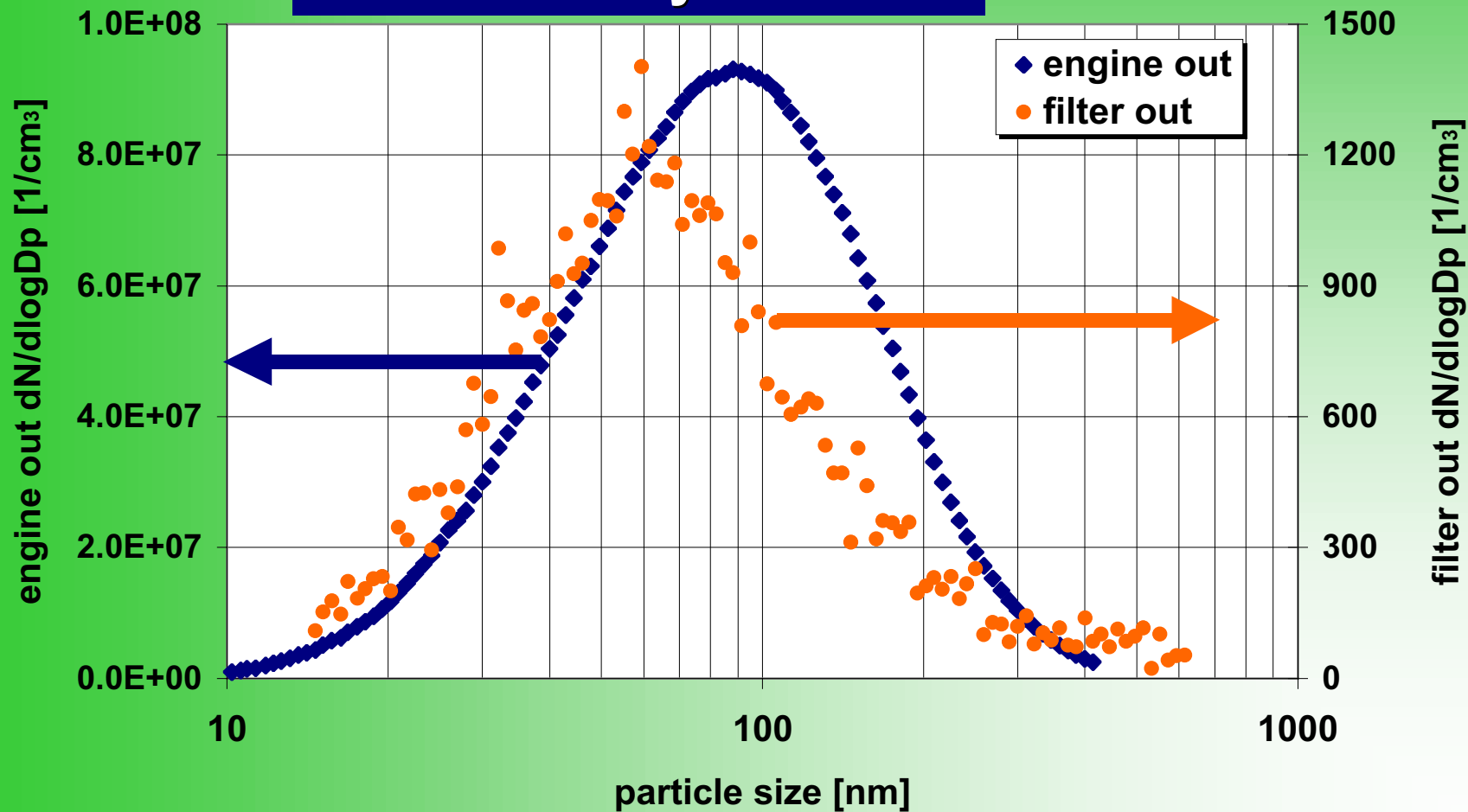
Questions to be answered within this lecture

-
1. equipment @ CUTEC to
 - generate particles
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 - particle size
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 - minimize particles
 2. test conditions & results
 - engine out
 - filter out
 - TPM filtration efficiency
 - OC/EC = f (T, particle size, filter)
 - PAH = f (T, soot loading)
 - TPM = f (fuel quality)
 3. summary/conclusion

results filter out (50 ppm S)
TPM filtration efficiency

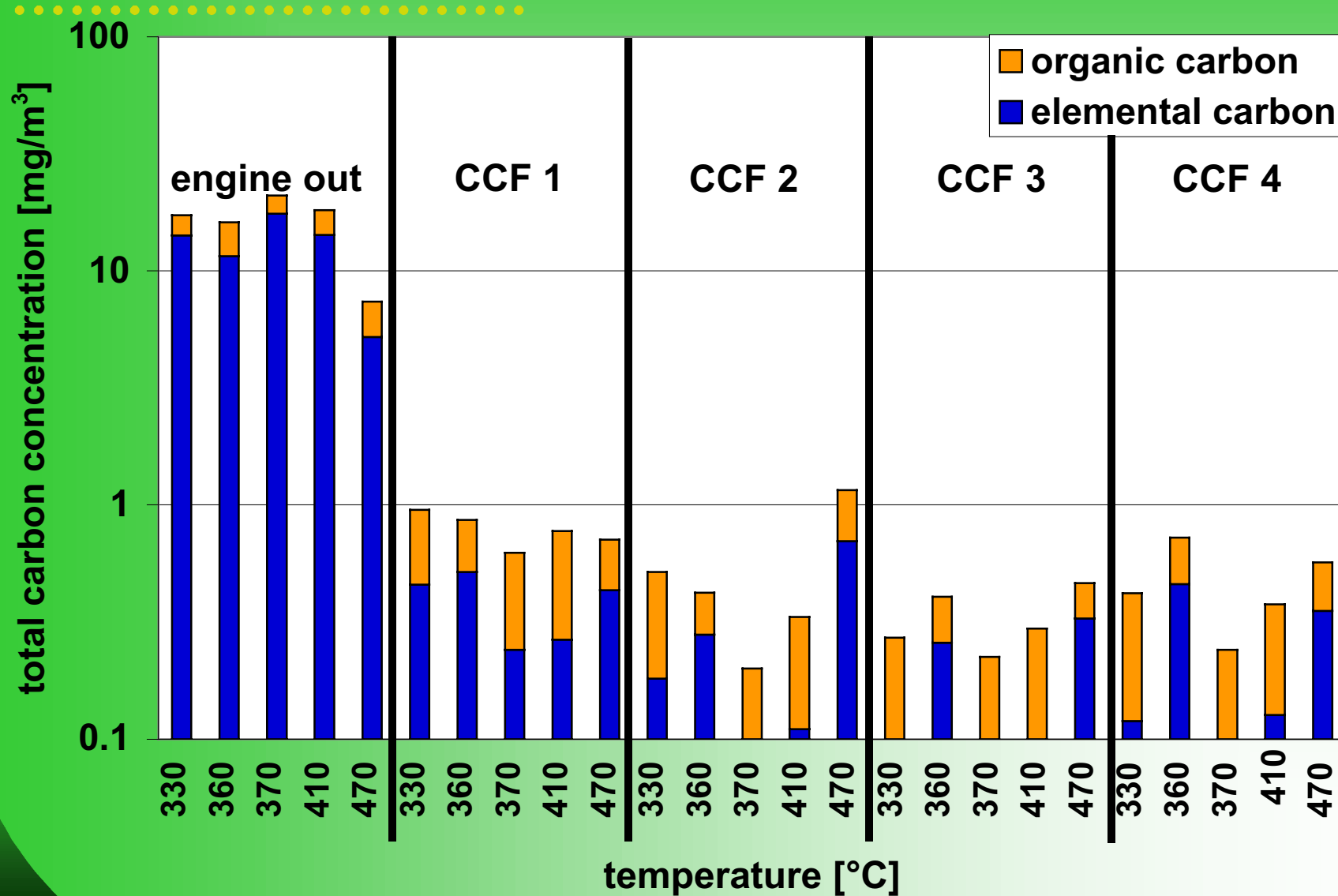
2000 rpm 5 bar ; T = 360 °C; CCF 1

filter efficiency : 99.98 %

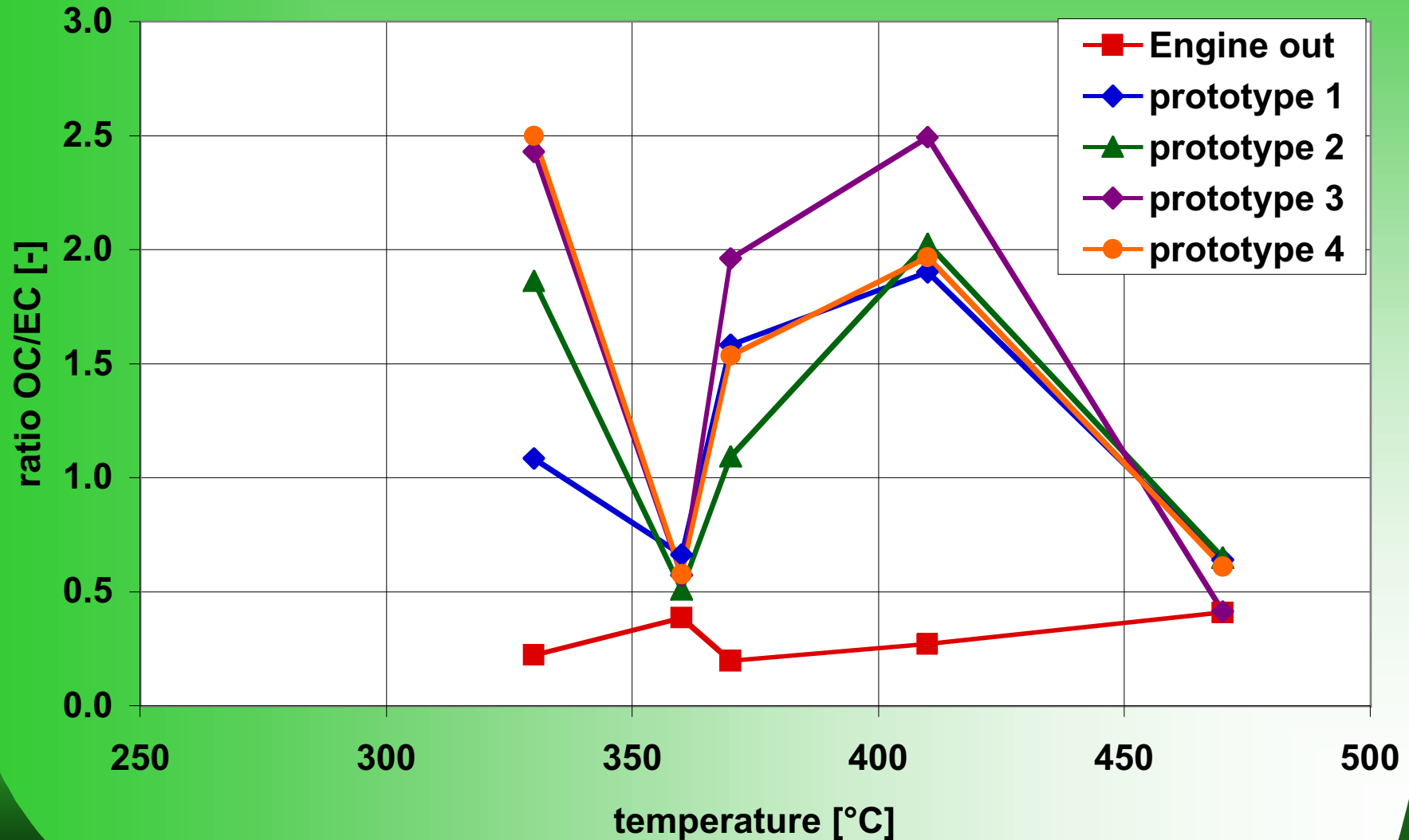


results filter out (50 ppm S)

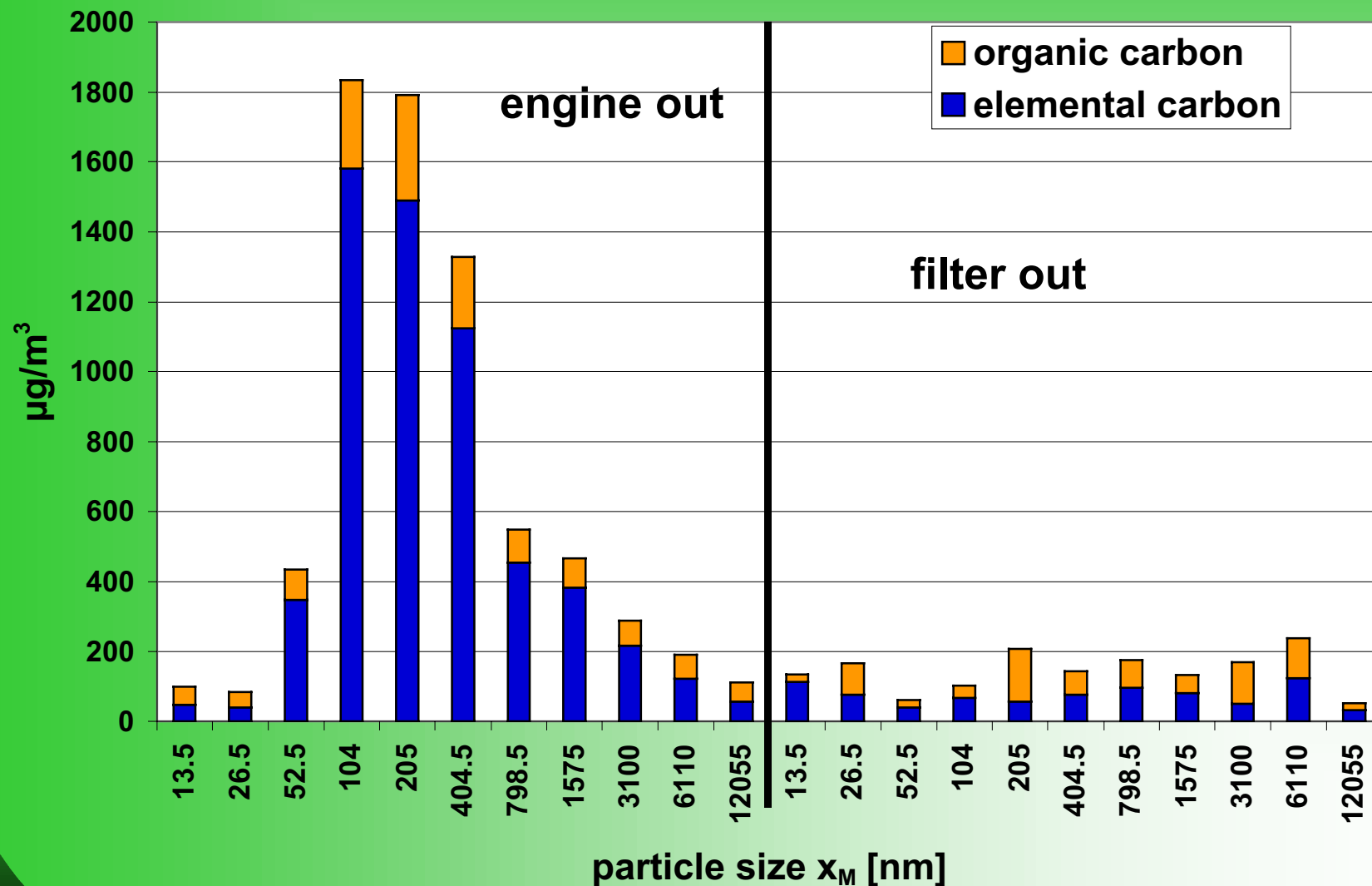
OC & EC = f (temperature, CCF)



results filter out (50 ppm S)

OC / EC - ratio = f (temperature, CCF)

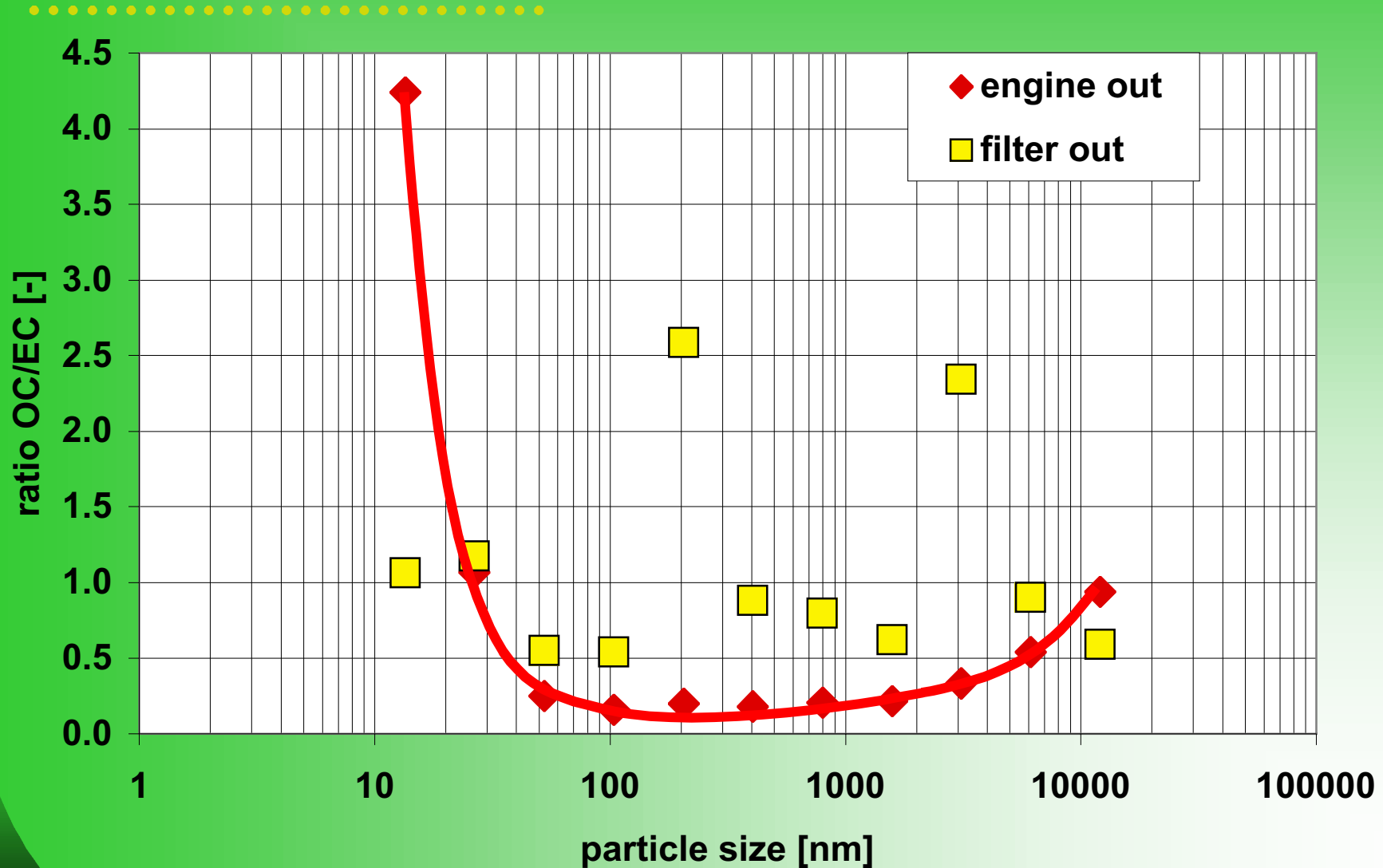
results filter out (50 ppm S)
OC & EC = f (particle size)
 2000 rpm 5 bar (360 °C)



results filter out (50 ppm S)

OC / EC - ratio = f (particle size)

2000 rpm 5 bar (360 °C)



Comparison OC/TC @ engine out & CCF out

2000 rpm 5 bar 340 °C



	Engine out [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]	CCF 1 out [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]	Reduction [%]
Organic carbon	1307	768	41
Elemental carbon	5873	822	86
OC/TC [-]	0.18	0.49	

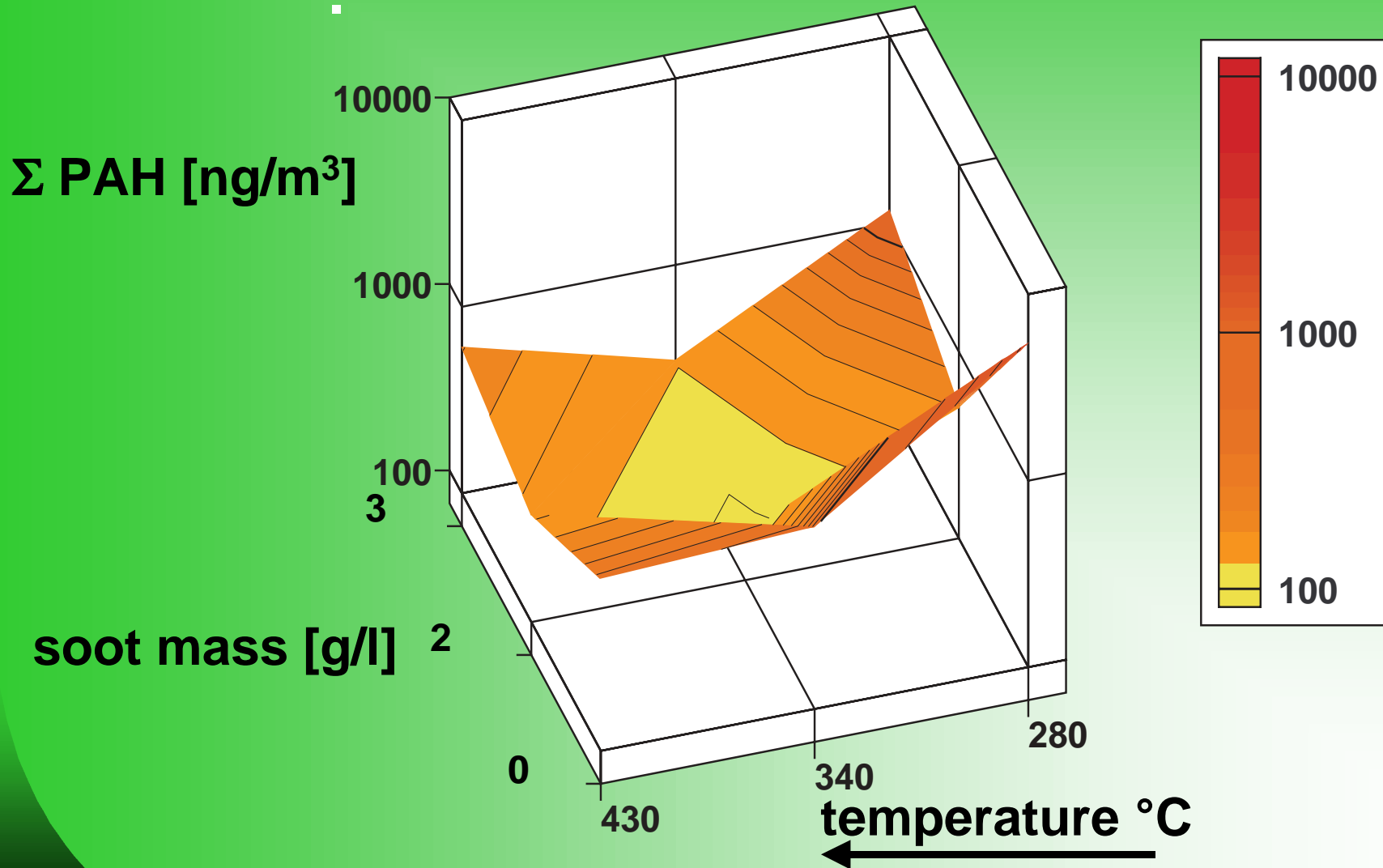
$\text{TC} = \text{OC} + \text{EC}$

structure

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 - OC/EC = f (T, particle size, filter)
 - PAH = f (T, soot loading)
 - TPM = f (fuel quality)
3. summary/conclusion

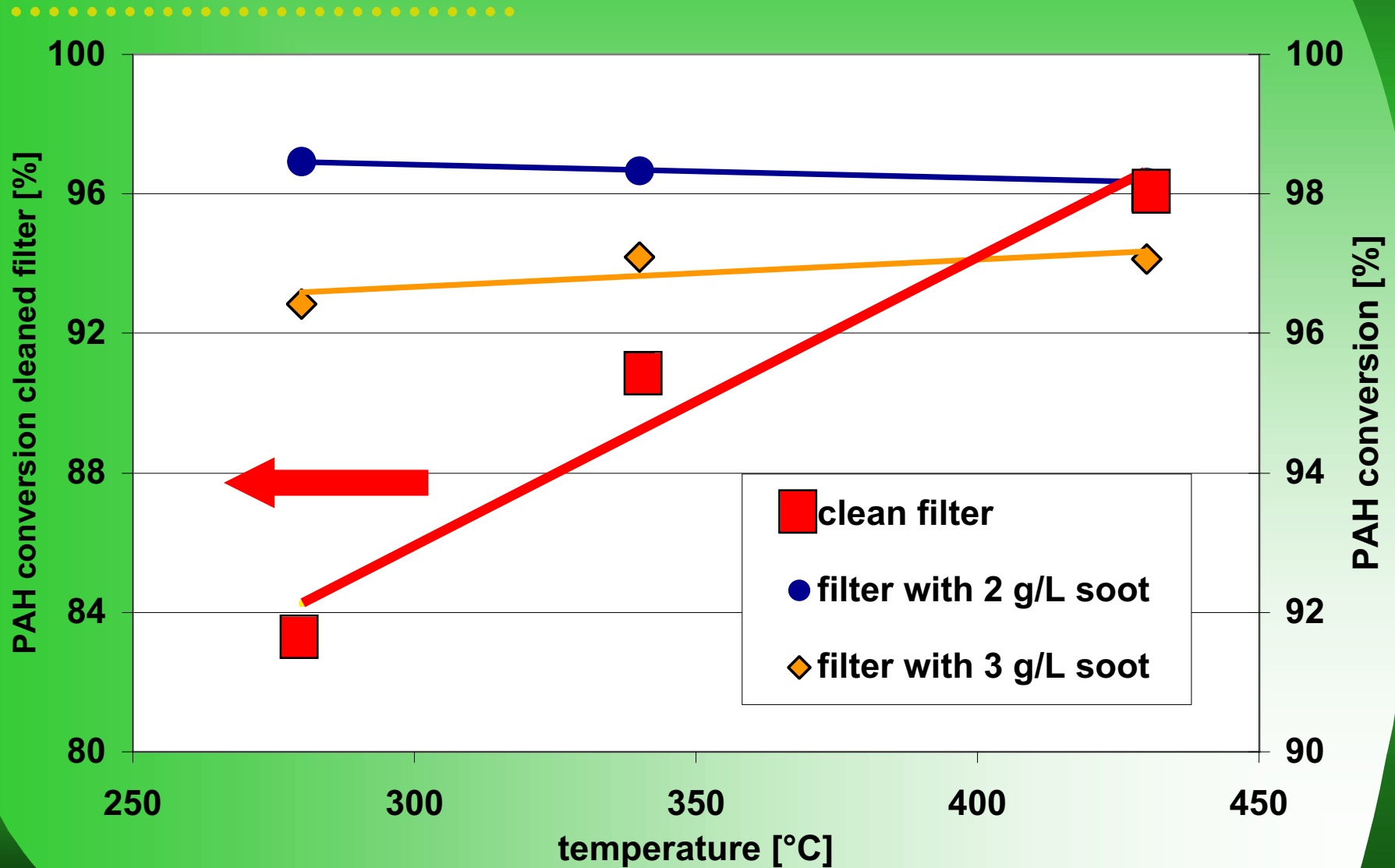
results filter out (50 ppm S)

Σ PAH = f (temperature, soot loading)




results filter out (50 ppm S)

PAH conversion = f (temperature, soot loading)



PAH reduction = f (temperature)




PAH	2000 rpm 2 bar	2000 rpm 5 bar	2000 rpm 12 bar
Phenanthrene	98 %	98 %	97 %
Pyrene	95 %	92 %	85 %
Benzo(a)anthracene	82 %	77 %	85 %



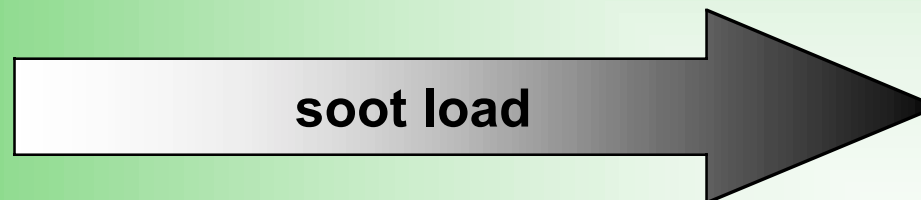
temperature

engine operations point
2g/L soot load CCF 1

PAH reduction = f (soot loading)



PAH	clean	2 g/L soot	3 g/L soot
Phenanthrene	97 %	98 %	97 %
Pyrene	96 %	95 %	99 %
Benzo(a)anthracene	81 %	82 %	72 %

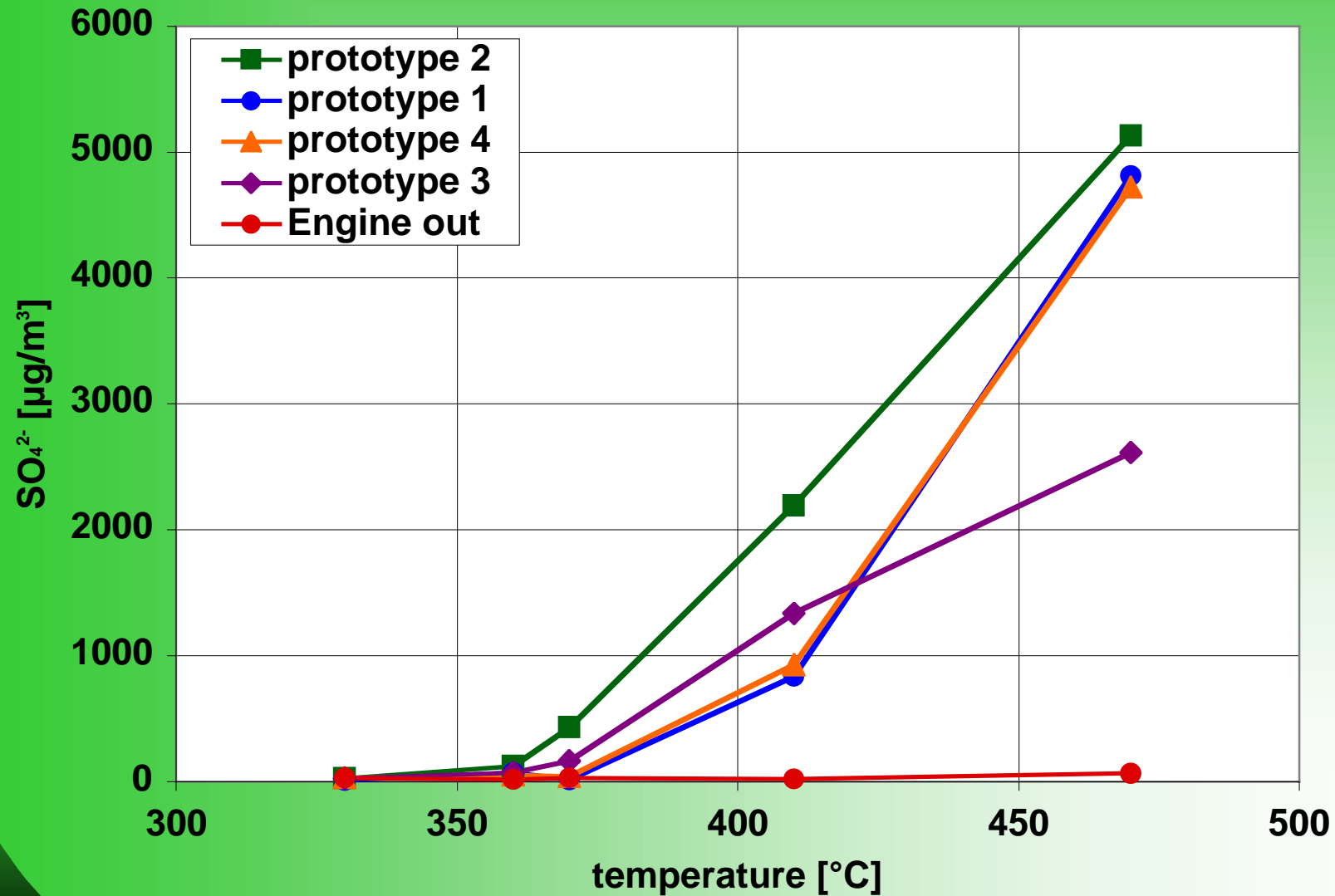


engine operations point
2000 rpm 2 bar 280°C CCF 1

structure

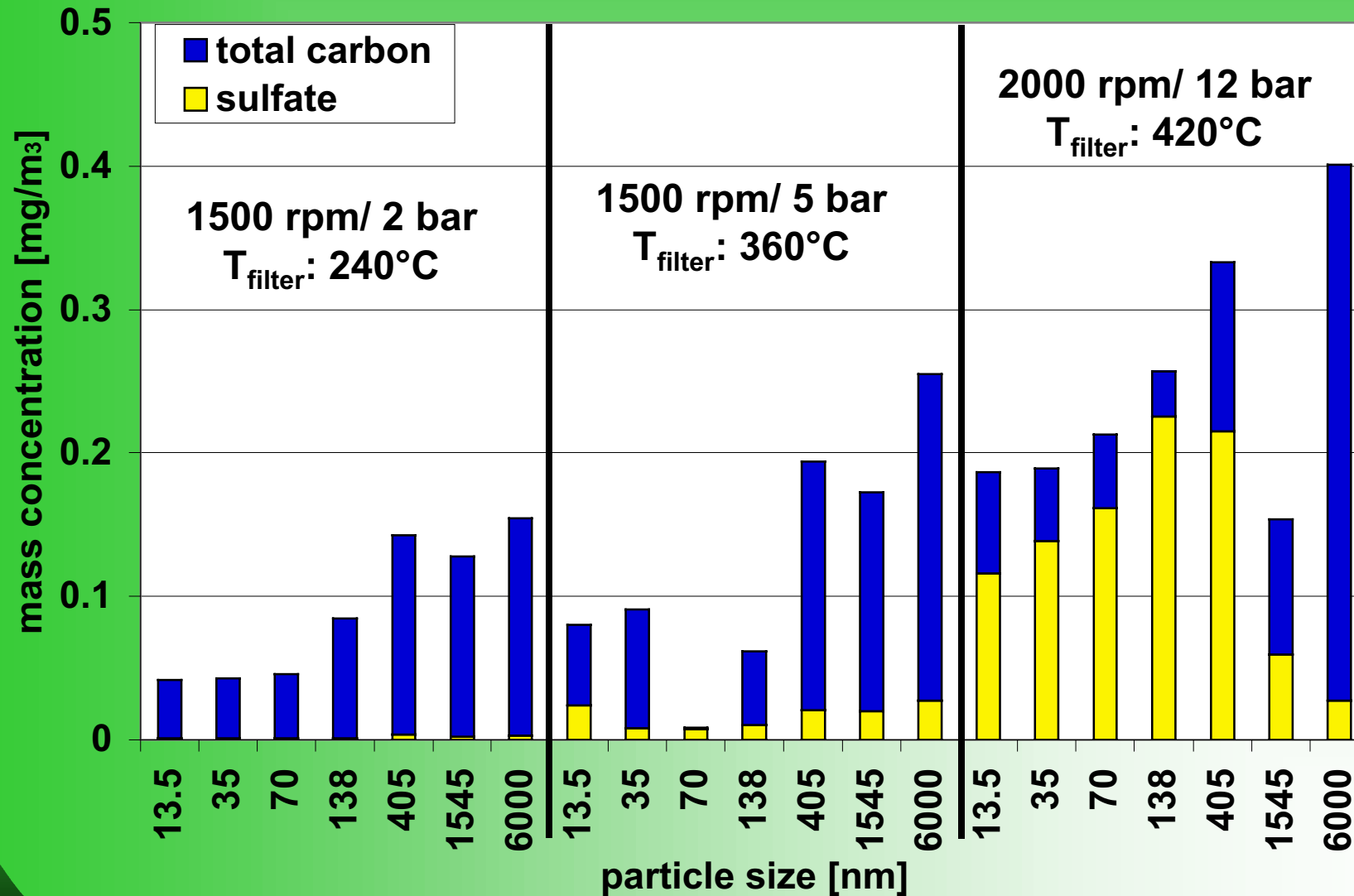
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 - TPM = f (fuel quality)
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results filter out (50 ppm S)
 $\text{SO}_4^{2-} = f(\text{temperature, CCF})$

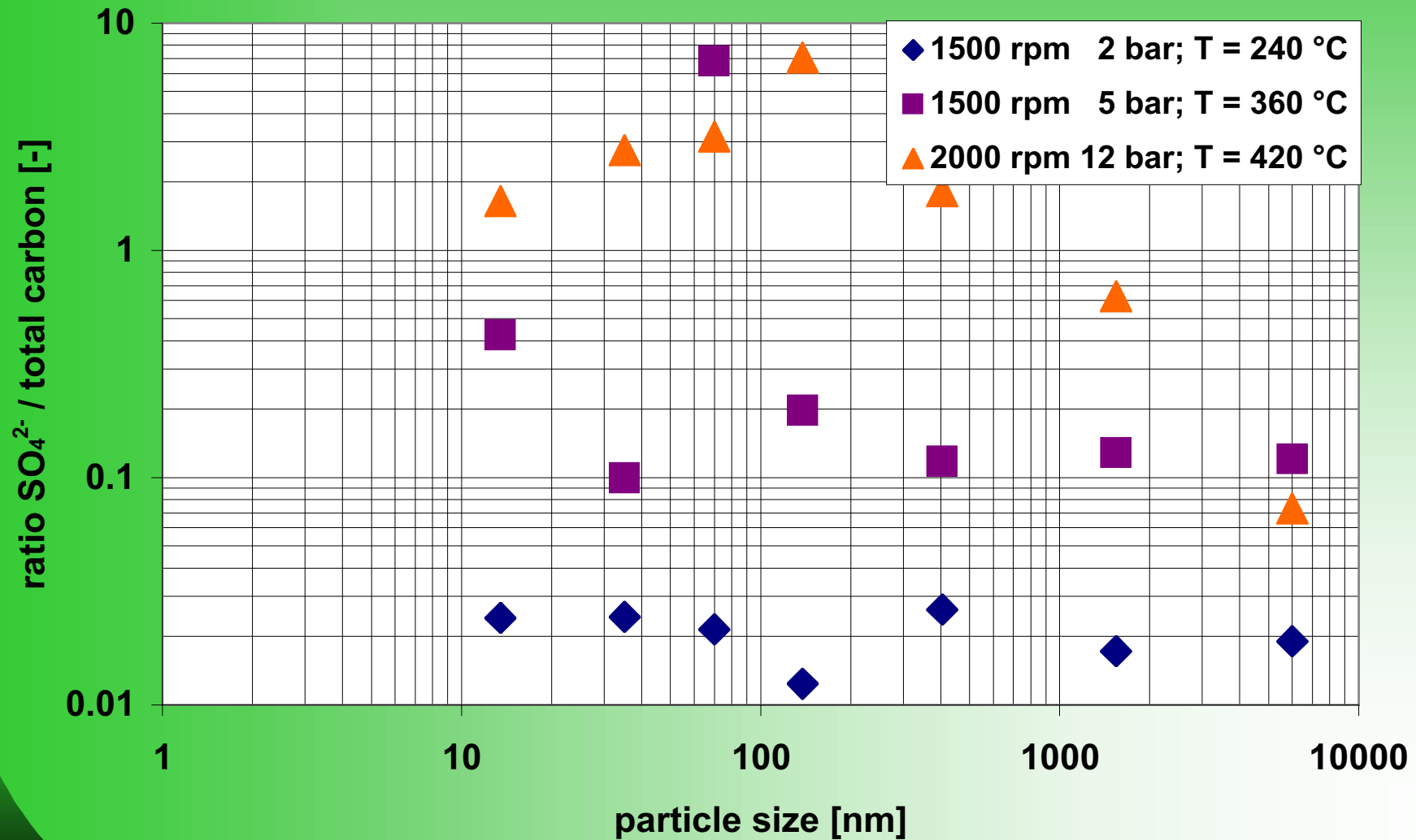


results filter out (50 ppm S)

SO₄²⁻ & TC = f (temperature, particle size)

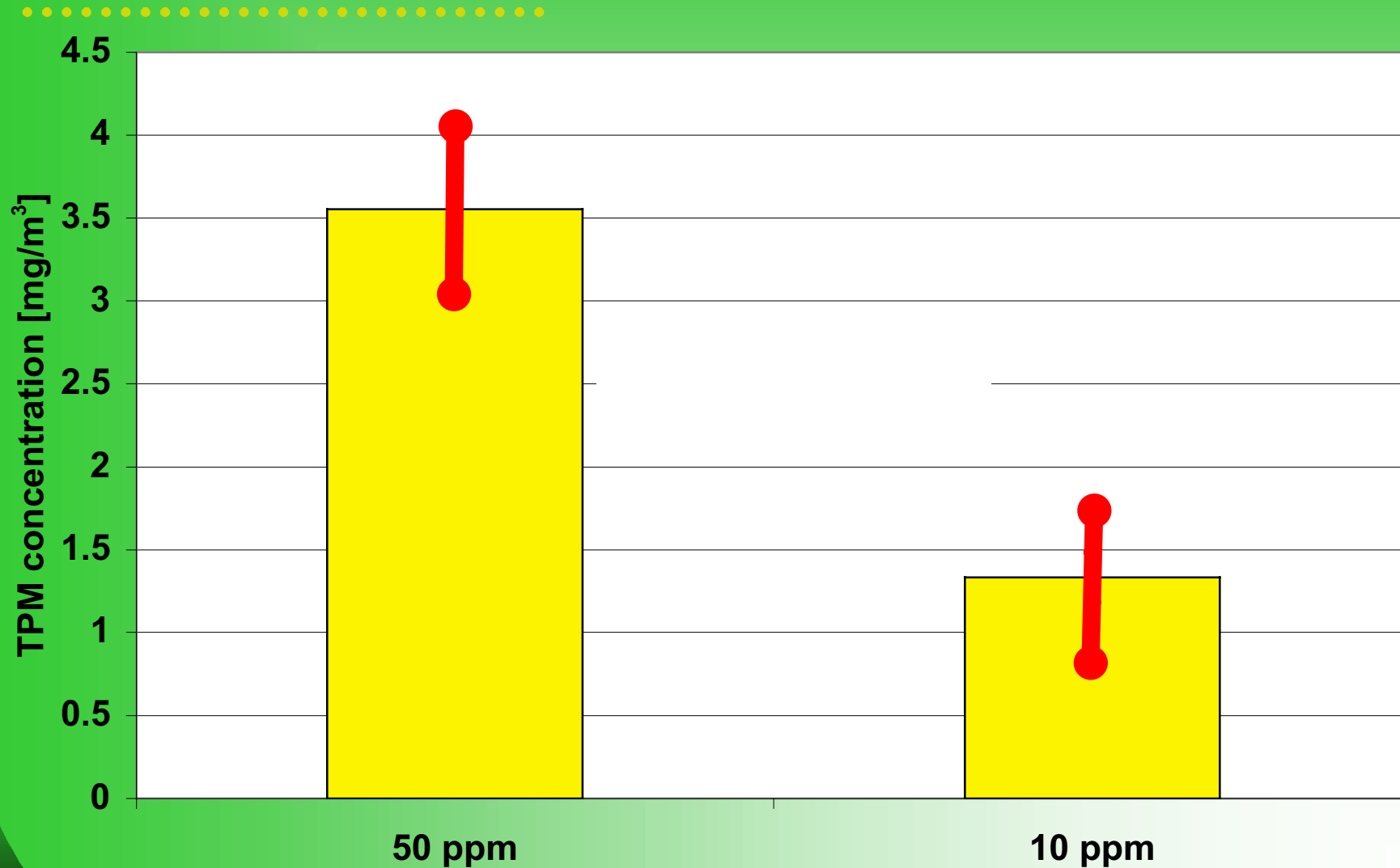


results filter out (50 ppm S)

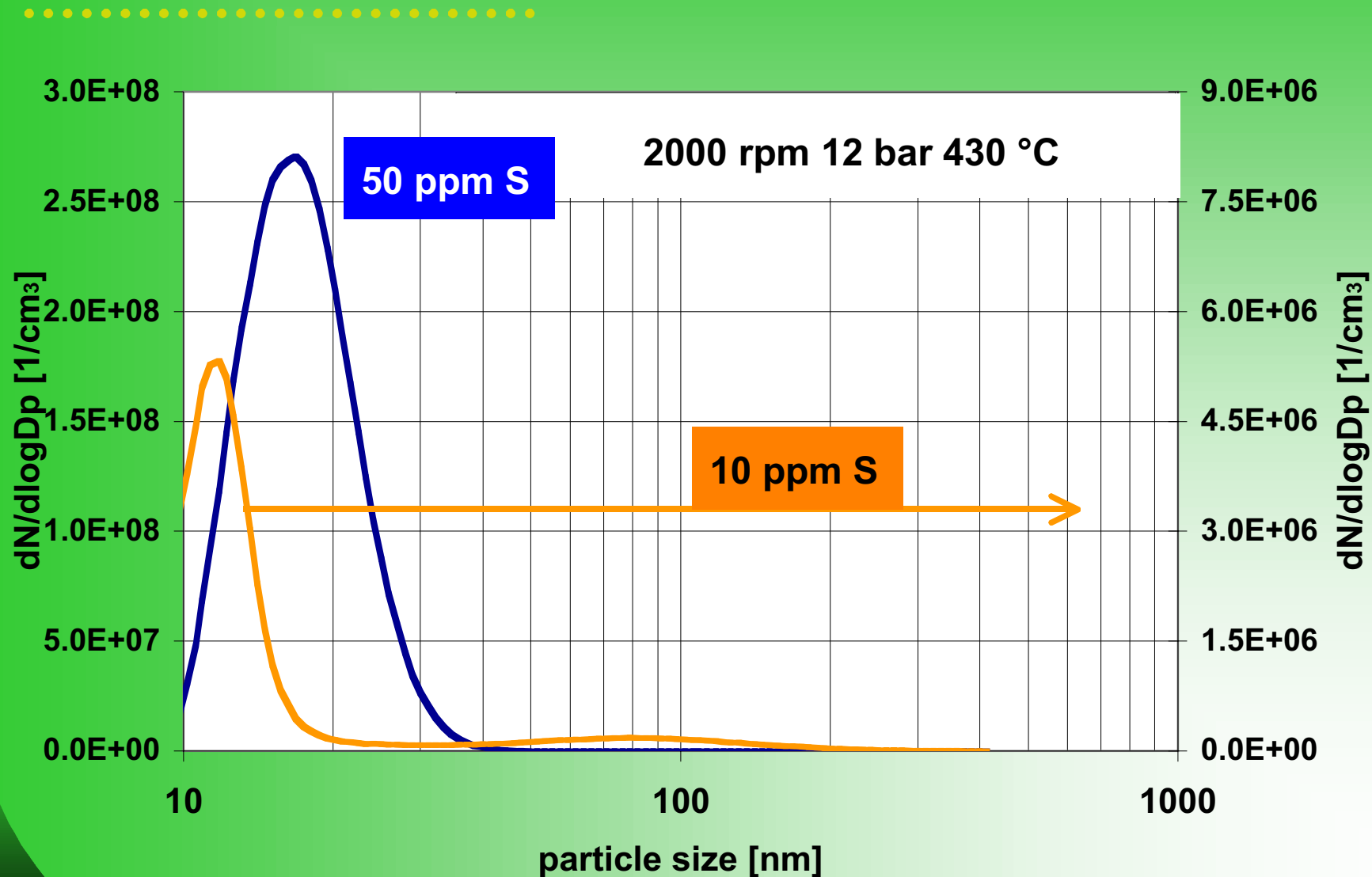
 $\text{SO}_4^{2-} / \text{TC} \text{-ratio} = f(\text{temperature, particle size})$ 

results filter out CCF 1
TPM = f (fuel quality)

2000 rpm 12 bar ; T = 430 °C



results filter out
Particle number distribution = f (fuel quality)
cold dilution



Sulphur effect on the emissions engine out

	engine out			filter out	
S [ppm]	TPM [mg/m ³]	SOF [mg/m ³]		TPM [mg/m ³]	max. particle number (nuclei range) [1/cm ³]
50	7.5 ± 1.8	3.3 ± 0.6		3.5 ± 0.49	3*10 ⁸
10	8.7 ± 0.6	3.4 ± 0.8		1.3 ± 0.35	5*10 ⁶
80 %	0	0		63 %	98 %

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summary/conclusion

Particle Size and Composition Measurements at Modern Engines and Aftertreatment Systems

	engine out	DOC+CCF out
OC + EC = f (T)	maximum	effected by CCF
OC/EC-ratio = f(T)	no tendency OC/EC = SOF/TPM	CCF minimum (360 °C)
OC + EC = f(particle size)	maximum	no tendency
OC/EC-ratio= f(particle size)	OC/EC < 1 30 nm < TPM < 10000 nm	no tendency
PAH = f(T)	strong	minimum (clean, soot load)
TPM = f (sulfur)	no effect	strong
SO ₄ ²⁻ = f(T)	low effect	strong (360 °C)
particle size / number = f(sulfur)	weak	98 %
filtration efficiency		99.98 %

Particle Size and Composition Measurements at Modern Engines and Aftertreatment Systems



● R & D

- filter material
- catalytic coating
- filtration characterisation / -kinetics
- regeneration strategies / - kinetics

summary/conclusion

**Particle Size and Composition Measurements at
Modern Engines and Aftertreatment Systems**

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**Thank you
for your
attention !**

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