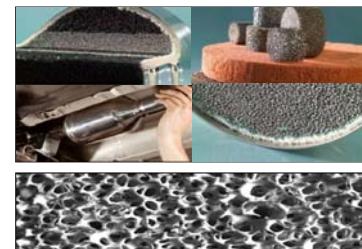
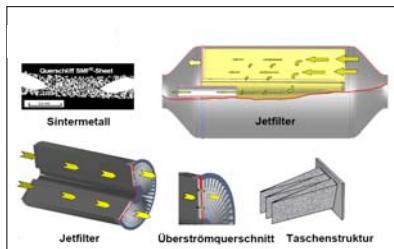
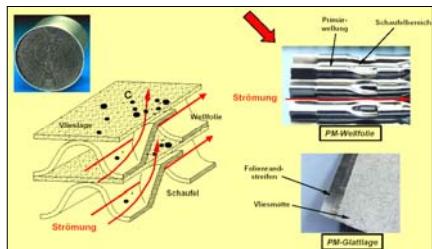


(Nano)Particle Filtration of PM-Catalysts

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Research sponsored by the German Ministry of Environment UFOPLAN 205 45 125/01; 2006/07

Investigated materials:



Metallic foams

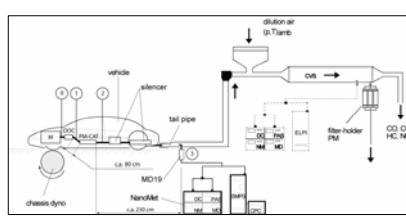
Ceramic foams

Measuring set-up:

Production year:	2005
BBG	
Displacement:	1.9 dm ³ (1896 cm ³)
Power:	66 kW at 4000 rpm
Torque:	310 Nm at 1900 rpm
Engine type:	AVF
Engine:	TDI 2V VTG
Injection system:	unit injector
Exhaust aftertreatment:	DOC next to engine
Catalyst:	Gillet 8DO 178 E
Emission level:	400 cpsi, 1.56 g Pt
Gears:	EURO 3
Odometer:	approx. 30'000 km



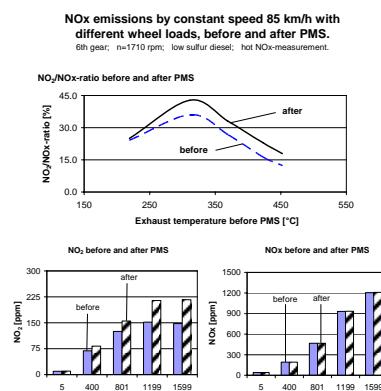
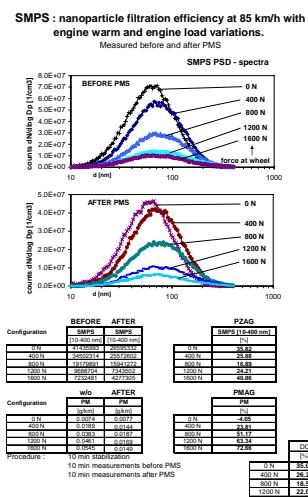
Test vehicle and measuring systems for nanoparticle analysis on a chassis dynamometer



Sampling positions directly before (SP1) and after (SP2)
PM-cat at the bottom of vehicle.

Some results:

Load steps

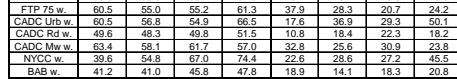


Driving cycles

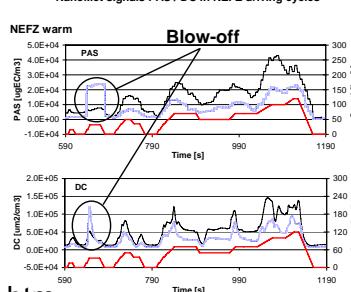
Filtration efficiencies in different driving cycles

PM-cat 1				PM-cat 2			
PMAG	DCAG	CPCAG	PASAG	PMAG	DCAG	CPCAG	PASAG
NEFZ c.	31.3	15.9	32.5	31.4	42.0	51.8	40.6
NEFZ w.	10.3	8.0	20.1	3.5	3.5	30.3	31.0
FTP 75 w.	30.3	12.3	31.1	24.6	12.1	37.3	31.9
CADC Urb.w.	44.4	25.5	35.9	51.4	26.4	38.6	39.0
CADC Rd.w.	17.3	10.8	32.0	16.5	2.9	19.7	23.8
CADC Mw.w.	44.3	22.9	37.1	19.9	37.6	35.3	23.5
NYCC w.	25.0	9.8	34.2	50.4	3.8	47.7	58.2
BAB w.	19.2	14.1	32.5	30.7	16.5	15.9	24.6
AVERAGE	30.6	14.7	33.1	30.6	26.2	35.7	34.4

PM-cat 3				PM-cat 4			
PMAG	DCAG	CPCAG	PASAG	PMAG	DCAG	CPCAG	PASAG
NEFZ c.	55.7	65.3	56.1	65.0	38.1	43.5	30.6
NEFZ w.	59.8	56.9	50.2	52.8	26.4	28.1	19.8
FTP 75 w.	60.5	55.0	55.2	61.3	37.9	28.3	20.7
CADC Urb.w.	56.8	54.3	54.9	66.5	57.8	36.9	29.3
CADC Rd.w.	49.6	46.3	48.8	51.5	15.6	18.2	18.2
CADC Mw.w.	63.4	58.1	61.7	57.0	32.8	26.6	30.9
NYCC w.	39.6	54.8	67.0	74.4	22.6	27.2	45.5
BAB w.	41.2	41.0	45.8	47.8	18.9	14.1	20.8
AVERAGE	53.8	54.5	55.1	59.5	25.6	27.9	24.9



NanoMet signals PAS / DC in NEFZ driving cycles



Summary (extract):

- At transient operation in different driving cycles, the average reduction rates, which were attained with the investigated PM-cat, are between 25% - 55%.
- The NO-NO₂-conversion in the oxidation catalyst causes a NO₂-increase comparing the original status only with one PM-cat mounted in underfloor.

Internet address of complete reports:

<http://www.umweltbundesamt.de/verkehr/techemissmm/technik/pms.htm>

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