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IC-Engines and Exhaust Gas Control

The effect of (hydrous) ethanol on the emission and performances of 2- and 4-stroke scooters

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The objectives of the present work are to investigate the limited and the unregulated emissions of a Price Difference Phase behavior Added Value on Price: classical and modern 2-stroke and a typical 4-stroke scooter with different ethanol blend fuels. There was Cheaper ethanol 12% of % ethanol content Anhydrous vs. Hydrous Ethanol 3% overall at hE15 level Higher mileage also comparison of two different ethanol fuels: pure CO₂ emission reduction additional carbon credit in ethanol (E) and hydrous ethanol (EH) which contains 3.9% water and is denatured with 1.5% gasoline. some countries No fuel tax on water hE10 in the order of 4% Special attention is paid in this research to the hydrous Price delta: ethanol, since the production costs of hydrous ethanol hE25 in the order of 6% are much less than those for (dry) ethanol. The hE85 in the order of 10% vehicles were with carburettor and without catalyst, which represents the most frequent technology in Eastern Asia and offers the information of engine-out emissions. Exhaust emissions measurements of three scooters with gasoline-ethanol blend fuels have been performed with fuels contained ethanol (E), or hydrous

Investigated Hydrous Ethanol (EH): 3.9% water + 1.5% gasoline

Investigated Scooters

ethanol (EH) in the portion of 5, 10, 15 and 20% by volume. During the test systematical analysis

particle mass (PM) and nano-particles counts (NP)

Piaggio Typhoon 2-S 50cc

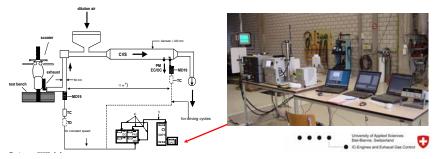


were carried out.

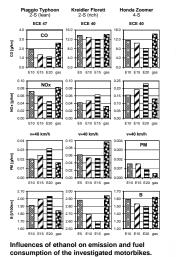
Kreidler Florett 2-S 50cc

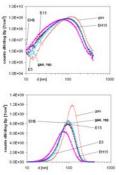


Sampling & measuring set-up

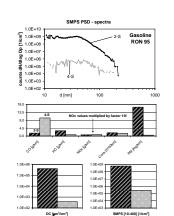


Results / Comparisons





SMPS particle size distribution spectra a constant speed 40 km/h, warm, with different fuels. Kreidler Florett.

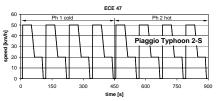


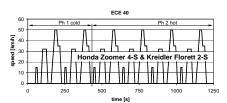
Comparison of emissions 2-S → 4-S at 40 km/h, warm. 2-S: Piaggio Typhoon, carb. no ox. 4-S: Honda Zoomer, carb. no ox.

Driving Cycles

Honda Zoomer 4-S 50 cc







The most important results are:

- there are no significant differences of results between the blends with pure ethanol (E), or hydrous ethanol (EH), except of some cases, where EH improves slightly the emissions (CO, HC, PM, NP) and reduces the fuel consumption
- addition of ethanol to the gasoline provokes a leaner tuning of the engine operation,
- the operation of 4-S scooter was without problems, the leaning by ethanol caused: lowering of CO, HC & fuel consumption, increase of NOx, no effect on PM and reduction of nanoparticles count concentrations
- especially at transient operation, for the investigated newer 2-S scooter with lean tuning the irregularities of combustion and loss of power were remarkable with higher ethanol content

(richer basic tuning of the newer 2-S scooter enabled a satisfactory driveability with E10),

the older 2-S scooter showed good performances and reduction of CO and of fuel consumption up to E20, depending of vehicle type no impact on or reduction of (nano-)particles emissions.

The present investigations did not concern the durability of parts exposed to the chemical influences of ethanol. Also the cold start, particularly in extreme conditions and the lube oil dilution were not addressed

Driving cycles ECE 47 & ECE 40